

The Hartford Republican.

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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1907.

No. 26

NIGHT RIDERS GIVE WARNING

To Tobacco Growers in Trigg County.

Must Cease to Sell Tobacco to Trust Buyers and Store With Association.

Warnings of disaster, in case they persist in selling or storing tobacco outside the association warehouses, have been fastened on the gates of many farmers in this county says a Cadiz dispatch to the Courier-Journal, and many of the growers, fearing dynamite or the torch, have cancelled contracts which they had made to sell their crops outside the association. Fastened to the gates with prices of rope, or grapevine, the following notices mysteriously appeared:

If you don't put that tobacco in organization and store it at a Cobb or Cerulean we are going to give you hell. Cadiz agreement is no go; we are running this now.

NIGHT RIDER.

Frightened by these messages, many planters have quickly obeyed the command, and have delivered their tobacco to the association warehouse in Cobb or Cerulean. Fearing that their barns and even their houses might be burned, or blown up with dynamite as has been done in the dark tobacco districts, some of the planters took no chances. Others have ignored the warning and will abide by their contracts.

The Cadiz agreement, which is referred to in the warning, was made as a solution of the war between the association and non-association growers. Many of the planters had sold their crops outside the association and it was agreed that they should be allowed to keep these contracts, and in return they agreed to put all future crops into the association. This agreement has been in effect and has been working satisfactory until lately, when there has been some dissatisfaction.

A recent attempt to blow up with dynamite the tobacco barn of a man who refused to join the association in Caldwell county, combined with the warnings to the Trigg county growers, has caused a revival of the unrest which existed immediately after the two stemmeries at Princeton were destroyed, and farmers all over Trigg and Caldwell counties are on their guard at all times.

Leaders of the Dark Tobacco Growers' Association condemn these threats of violence and say that the association has no knowledge of them or of the men who posted them. They are for peaceful methods only.

Among the Lodges.

Keystone Chapter, No. 110, conferred the Past Master's degree last Saturday night.

Hartford Lodge No. 675, F. & A. M., installed the officers elected December 27, last Monday night. Five petitions for membership were received and the prospects are very bright for a successful year.

At the Maccabee banquet given at the court house Christmas week, among the bright talks, which were made by both ladies and gentlemen, none were enjoyed more than the following piece of fun on gossip, furnished by Mrs. Hooker Williams:

Say, have you all heard it? Well, Mrs. Phipps said Mrs. Schlemmer told her that Mrs. Newbolt said the other day that Mrs. Long, while out calling, told her confidentially, that Mrs. Tinsley said she doubted it, but it must be true, as Mrs. Griffin said Mrs. Foreman told her that Mrs. Alva Taylor said she had heard it in Central City and didn't believe it until Mrs. Georgia Keown told her on her way from Earlington that she hadn't heard it until Mrs. Pendleton called to her and said not to mention it to anybody that she said as much, but that it was an evident fact, because Mrs. John Taylor said Mrs. Alex Barnett told her the other day

while fitting a dress for Mrs. Tom Black, in walked Mrs. Thomas saying, well, have you heard the news? Well, as I was coming over here I saw Mesdames Tweedell, Bennett and Bach standing in front of the Economy Store talking, and I asked what the trouble was. They said Cassie Riley had just told them that she had a letter from Mrs. Phillips saying Mrs. Wedding and Miss Minnie McIntyre said they would tell her something, but was afraid it wasn't true and would wait, until they heard more about it and she wanted to know what it was. Now, Cassie she didn't know what it was, but her sister, Hettie said that Misses Carrie and Sophia Werner said they did hope they would wait a week, as they were going to join, but didn't guess they would, as Miss Nettie Rogers said that Mrs. John Wesley Taylor told her that she heard Mrs. Judge Wedding say she didn't see how they could on account of some not being here, but they might, as Mrs. Sanderfursaid she thought our Record Keeper had been notified, but guessed not or we would have heard more about it, but that it wasn't too late yet, as Mrs. Matthews and Mrs. Taylor said Miss See Yeiser was just tickled to death because she was going to get in in time, and said too, that Mrs. King said that she was so sorry our out of town members couldn't be here, and said, also, that it was a sure thing, because Mrs. E. E. Birkhead wrote her last week while in Louisville that the K. O. T. M. were going to entertain the L. O. T. M. and didn't ask the ladies to furnish a thing.

TRIED TO SELL PLEDGED TOBACCO

But Hancock County President Secured Temporary Restraining Order.

The Owensboro Messenger says: Robert Bailey, a member of the American Society of Equity in Hancock county, brought a load of his tobacco to Owensboro yesterday, presumably with the intention of selling it, but he made the mistake of leaving it over night, and he will be unable to sell it this morning. Judge Birkhead, at 10 o'clock last night, granted a temporary restraining order, prohibiting him from disposing of his tobacco outside of the A. S. of E.

The plaintiffs in the suit are J. E. Minnett, Thomas Wright, Calvin Lamar and A. P. Voyles, constituting the executive committee of Hancock county. They allege that Bailey pledged his tobacco to the association, that he brought a portion of it to Owensboro with the intention of selling it, that he would sell it unless restrained and that he is insolvent so that damages could not be recovered.

The case is set for hearing on motion for permanent injunction at 10:30 o'clock, January 17. J. E. Minnett, who is President of the society in Hancock county, followed Bailey to Owensboro and brought the injunction suit.

A Card of Thanks.

I wish to express my most earnest and heartfelt thanks to the many friends who were so kind to us during my husband's sickness and death. May the richest blessings of heaven rest on each of them is the wish of Mrs. C. N. Daniel.

Marriage License.

The following marriage license have been issued since our last report:

Ivan Nantz, Heflin, age 24, to Myrtle Hardin, Coffman, age 16; Robert Matthews, Jasonville, Ind., age 24, to Awdry Bennett, Beaver Dam, age 16; Jas. Howerton, Rockport, age 29, to Ollie Reid, Rockport, age 21, C. W. Sharp, Narrows, age 22, to Verna Renfrow, Narrows, age 17; Oscar Brown, Linton, Ind., age 23, to Gertrude Austin, Taylor Mines, age 23; Thos. K. Fulkerson, Echols, age 24, to Ollie Downey, Echols, age 15; James Russell, Ralph, age 50, to Nancy Price, Rosine, age 31.

ANOTHER FARCE AND DISGRACE

Is Trial of Jim Hargis For the Dr. Cox Murder.

Prosecution Turned Down at Every Point By Beckham's Special Judge.

Jackson, Ky., Jan. 8.—The Commonwealth received many setbacks to-day in the trial of Judge James Hargis on the charge of complicity in the murder of Dr. Cox. Just before the adjournment, Mr. Byrd, one of the attorneys for the prosecution, declared that "the court has not said turkey to the Commonwealth once during the entire day."

The Commonwealth tried this morning to have the other alleged conspirators tried before Hargis, but special Judge Karnes, who was appointed by Governor Beckham, refused to allow this. The Commonwealth's attorney then sprang a surprise on the defense by asking that the indictment against Hargis be quashed, and the matter referred to another grand jury. Judge Karnes over-ruled the motion.

The Commonwealth then asked that the names of jurors be drawn from the wheel, but Judge Karnes refused to grant this request and announced his intention of having a jury summoned from bystanders.

The defense then moved that the regular sheriff be not allowed to summon the jurors, but that a special elisor be appointed for that purpose. It was here that the storm broke. Mr. Byrd spoke for fifteen minutes, scolding the conduct of affairs in connection with the Breathitt feuds, and appealing to Judge Karnes not to allow another stain on the state judiciary, like those that were placed there by the former trials of James Hargis. He said that the court, not being acquainted in Breathitt county would in all probability, appoint a Hargis man as elisor, and that done, the rest would be smooth sailing for the defendant. He declared that Hargis had already arranged with men to serve on the jury and they were then in waiting, ready to appear at a moment's notice, and that they would clear Hargis though he should go on the stand and confess to having killed Dr. Cox.

FLOODS RECEDING TRAVEL RESUMED.

Much Damage Done to Roads And Bridges—Great Inconvenience to Farmers.

The high water which for the past several days, wrought so much inconvenience to farmers and stockmen in the low lands, is slowly receding. Public roads and bridges have suffered immensely, in fact, it is almost impossible to make an intelligent estimate of the damage. Levees have been cut to pieces by the current and numberless bridges have been washed away.

Farmers, besides again suffering from ungathered crops being submerged were compelled to move their stock to the highlands, and in many instances the homes of those living in the low lands have been flooded and families compelled to take refuge in the hills.

The water is sufficiently off the levees West and North of Hartford for the most adventurous to cross them.

While the water lacked a few inches getting as high at many points as the November rise, it did very much damage and inconvenienced the people quite as much.

FOR THE BUSY READER.

The Japanese embassy has received advices to the effect that there will be no chance in the program of sending to Honolulu and later to

the Pacific coast a fleet of Japanese warships on a mission of friendship and good-will.

Attorney General Jackson, on behalf of the people of the State of New York has entered suit in the Supreme Court against George B. McClellan, paying that the latter be ousted from the office of mayor of the city of New York.

A band of six or eight men fired on Deputy Sheriff A. A. Robinson, of Christian county, as he was riding along a road near Hopkinsville. He returned the fire. No reason is known for the attack on Robinson, who narrowly escaped injury.

FISCAL COURT TO ELECT A ROAD SUPERVISOR

To Meet Requirements of Law as Construed by Court of Appeals.

To meet the requirements of the law, as construed by the Kentucky Court of Appeals, the Fiscal Court which is now in session, will elect or appoint a supervisor of roads for the entire county. The party elected will be a practical road worker and will be paid a reasonable salary, and will be required to devote his entire time to superintending and working the roads.

There are several applicants for the place but it is not known who will be selected. Under the present system, which has been in vogue probably for a quarter of a century, a road and bridge commissioner is provided for each Magisterial district and each of the seven are paid on an average of \$100. This amount paid to one man for all his time will no doubt bring better results. At any rate, the law requires that a supervisor be appointed or that the County Judge act as such, and any one familiar with the duties of County Judge will testify that the duties are onerous without anything additional.

UNION MINESWORKERS WOULD ARBITRATE

Differences Between Them and Operators Before Non-Partisan Board.

Dixon, Ky., Jan. 9.—Settlement of the strike of union miners in this section may be effected by arbitration. C. Barnaby, President of U. M. W., of this district, has written the following letter to Judge J. W. Henson representing the West Kentucky Coal Co., proposition of arbitration:

As agreed in the conference between us and the other gentlemen at Morganfield a few days ago, I, as president of district No. 23 of the United Mine Workers of America am submitting to you herein suggestions and plans calculated to bring about a settlement of the troubles and differences existing since September 26, 1905 between the West Kentucky Coal Company and members of the United Mine Workers at Sturgis, Ky.

I agree, and hereby authorize you to act for me, and in my stead, to bring about a settlement of the aforesaid troubles and differences by arbitration or other honorable means. I am willing to select one man, to represent the United Mine Workers at Sturgis, and allow the West Kentucky Coal Company to select one man, and the two men so selected to select a third man. These three men to sit as a board of arbitration and hear all the evidence offered by both sides; the board to make their finding and award which is to be final and binding on all parties.

Watch Satisfaction.

I guarantee every Watch I sell to give exact satisfaction. If anything goes wrong I will put it right. Would like to give you prices.

J. B. TAPPAN,
Jeweler and Optician,
Hartford, Ky.

DAVID MORELAND AGAIN PRESIDENT

County Union A. S. of E. Business Throughout.

Strong Resolution Condemning Burning Princeton Warehouses Adopted.

The Ohio County Union, A. S. of E., met in regular session at the Court House, in Hartford, Friday, January 4, 1907, being called to order at 10 a. m. by President David Moreland, who in a brief talk outlined the work to come before the session.

In the absence of the regular County Secretary, S. L. Stevens and James Hunt were selected as pro tem Secretaries.

On motion the selection of a committee on Credentials was dispensed with, and the membership of the County Union determined by a roll-call of the locals. The call showed a quorum present.

On motion, the chair appointed the following committee on resolutions: C. M. Barnett, T. P. Tanner, A. Ross, J. R. Weller and J. P. Austin.

Adjourned until 1 p. m. The afternoon session was called to order by the chairman promptly at 1 o'clock.

On motion the mover of a motion was limited to five minutes in which to address the body and all others to three minutes.

It was moved and seconded that the County Secretary and Organizer be required to make an itemized report of his work to the Finance Committee by 2 o'clock, January 5, 1907.

On motion, it was ordered that the County Organizer be discontinued.

A motion to reconsider the action of the last County Union in fixing the membership fee at \$5.00 was carried, whereupon the action was repealed by vote of the union.

The Committee on Resolutions reported, and on motion the report was resolved, committee discharged and resolutions taken up by sections and adopted as reported. The report in full follows:

Hartford, Ky., Jan. 4, 1907.

To the officers and members of the County Union A. S. of E., Brethren: We your committee on resolutions respectfully submit the following:

1. We heartily endorse the organization of the Ohio County Grain Growers' Association, and pledge this organization our earnest co-operation in every laudable way to insure its success.

2. A resolution emanating from Shultztown Local, No. 1500, urging this County Union to place in the hands of the Grain Growers' Association the sale of all live stock, to be shipped out of the county, was considered by your committee, and owing to the fact that the Grain Growers' Association is yet in its infancy, we deem it best to allow the suggestion to go over until our next meeting. However, we realize something should be done in the near future along this line, and we urge the members of this union to give it their best thought in the mean time.

3. Resolutions from the Hartford Magisterial District meeting, suggesting that we confine ourselves to making prices on tobacco only, and providing, also, that all members in good standing be allowed to pool their tobacco regardless of the pledge, were considered and unanimously rejected by this committee.

4. We extend the United Carriage Worker's Union, at Owensboro, our sincere sympathy in their struggle to maintain their right to organize and enforce their demand for equitable wages. In this connection we again urge our members, as far as possible, to buy their goods from merchants who handle union-made articles.

5. We condemn the burning of the tobacco warehouses at Princeton recently, as we deplore any and all lawlessness, which has no place in Equality.

6. We are proud of the success which has attended the work of our able and efficient County Secretary in the organization of the Barley district, and believing him worthy of promotion, we hereby instruct our delegates to the State Union to support

and use all honorable means to secure the election of Mr. M. F. Sharp as State Organizer.

7. Our thanks are hereby tendered to our county papers, Herald and Republican, for the support which they have, at all times, freely extended to this union.

8. At the close of his second term as County President, we congratulate Mr. Moreland upon his successful conduct of the office and thank him for his untiring efforts for the success of the order in our county. We urge him to continue in this position and recommend that this union elect him for another term.

C. M. Barnett,
T. P. Tanner,
A. Ross,
J. R. Weller,
J. P. Austin, Com.

The committee appointed at the last County Union, to organize a Grain Growers' Association, reported through its chairman as follows:

"We, your committee appointed by the Ohio County Union, A. S. of E., to effect a Grain Growers' Association, beg leave to submit the following report: By call of chairman Austin the committee met in Hartford, Nov. 5, 1906, with Austin in the chair. After much deliberation and discussion it was decided to organize a Grain and Hay Growers' Association, branch of A. S. of E. The constitution and by-laws adopted (see constitution and by-laws), State President David Moreland appointed officers and board of directors for next meeting as follows: J. P. Austin, Pres., A. B. Tichenor, Vice Pres., Alney Tichenor, Sec'y., E. G. Austin, Treas., J. P. Foster, Wat Taylor, J. T. Miles, directors. David Moreland and Jno. P. Foster were appointed committee to draft pledges for pooling wheat. Adjourned to meet in Hartford, November 17, 1907.

J. P. Austin, Pres.
Alney Tichenor, Sec'y."

On behalf of the committee heretofore appointed to confer with other organized labor bodies, Mr. Alney Tichenor made the following report: Beaver Dam, Dec. 17, 1906.

Committees of miners and farmers met and considered questions relating to the welfare of U. M. W. of A. and A. S. of E. and adopted the following:

Resolved, That the committee make the demand on all merchants in this, Ohio county, that they carry a full line of union-made goods for the trade of the members of the A. F. of L., U. M. W. of A. and A. S. of E. as provided for in the convention of A. F. of L. in Minneapolis and in county convention of A. S. of E. and in our L. U. of U. M. W. of A. For convention in County of Ohio.

Resolved, That a standing committee be appointed to make county prices of farm products.

Resolved, That this convention demand that the union label shall be patronized by our members, and that our produce shall bear union label and that our merchants refuse to handle non-union made and manufactured goods and produce.

Resolved, That this convention authorize and form a Produce Growers' Association of Ohio county.

U. M. W. of A.

R. C. Vance,
T. J. Phelps, Com.
A. S. of E.,
E. G. Austin,
A. S. Chinn,
Alney Tichenor, Com.

The report was adopted and committee continued as a standing committee.

On motion the treasurer was directed to pay the printing bill for the Grain Growers' Association amounting to \$13.50.

The County Treasurer, Dudley Ford, having resigned, it was ordered that an election be held to select his successor. C. P. Keown and W. P. Stevens were placed in nomination. The ballot resulted in the election of Keown, and he was declared by the chair the duly elected County Treasurer.

Adjourned to meet Saturday, Jan. 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The County Union met Saturday, January 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was called to order by the President. The minutes of the last County Union were read by Secretary Sharp and approved. The previous days' minutes were read and adopted.

As a number of delegates were (Continued on page 4.)

ALARMING DEMOCRATS

Are the Redistricting Cases From Ohio And Butler.

Chances For Extra Session Assured if Republicans Win.

As the time approaches for the Court of appeals to hear arguments in the redistricting cases the Democrats grow more apprehensive and the Republicans more confident. Since the adjournment of the Legislature, almost a year ago, the Republicans have been continually active, while it is only in the last few days that the Democrats have become interested. They were so sure of their ground that they did not take the time to investigate, but now they realize that the Republicans have far the best of the situation. In the event that the Court of Appeals upholds the decisions of Judge Birkhead, of Owensboro, and Judge Galloway, of Bowling Green, in the redistricting suits now pending, it is said that Gov. Beckham will call an extra session of the General Assembly. This will be done for the ostensible purpose of having the State redistricted according to the Constitution, and the rulings of the court, but in reality to pass legislation that will give the Governor power to enforcement the Sunday closing law.

There is no doubt of the fact that the democrats are expecting an unfavorable decision from the Court of Appeals. Prominent Democratic Attorneys readily admit that the Republicans will be sustained, and that all of the redistricting legislation enacted since 1892 will be declared unconstitutional.

If the decision is against the Democrats it will be necessary, of course to redistrict the state before the legislative elected is held next November. In calling the Legislature in extraordinary session for the purpose of passing a redistricting bill it would be easy enough for the Governor to incorporate in the calling the attention of the members to the need of legislation to enforce the Sunday law.

The redistricting cases were appealed from Ohio Circuit Court and Butler County Circuit Court several weeks ago. They were taken up by the court of appeals and were argued for the Republicans by Judge W. H. Holt and Judge George Du Relle. No one appeared for the Democrats and the cases were submitted. Later however, the cases were reassigned for the purpose of giving the democrats an opportunity to argue them. Argument was set for January 19, at which time both the Democrats and Republicans will be represented by counsel.

It is possible that the decision of the Court of Appeals will be made known in a week or two after the cases are submitted. Then, if the bills are declared unconstitutional—and able lawyers say they are sure to be—the Governor will call an extra session. It is necessary that the work be speedily done, and the Governor will not delay any longer than possible.

Just How to Do It.

Advance to the inner door and give three distinct raps. The "devil" will attend the alarm. You give him your name, postoffice address and the number of years that you are owing for the paper. He will then admit you. You will advance to the center of the room and address the editor with the following countersign. Extend the right hand about two feet from the body with the thumb and index finger clasping a \$10 bill which drops into the extended hand of the editor, at the same time saying: "Were you looking for me?" The editor will say: "You bet." After giving him the news, you will retire with a receipt for the obligation discharged.

Fossils Point to Gold.

In Alaska the bones, and often the entire bodies, of extinct animals, such as the mammoth, the mastadon, the reindeer and the bison, are found most abundantly in the layers of soil directly above the gold-bearing gravels. So intimate is this association between fossil animal remains and the auriferous deposits that M. Okalski, who lately explored Alaska, says that the fossils serve the prospectors as indexes of the metallic richness of the soil. In ancient time both the gold and the

bones and bodies of the animals were deposited at the bottom of the valleys by the action of rivers and smaller streams, many of which have now disappeared. Consequently the appearance of fossils is an almost certain indication that gold will be found in the neighborhood. The cabins of many miners are ornamented with huge tusks and antlers unearthed in the diggings.

Mothers who give their children Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup invariably endorse it. Children like it, because the taste is so pleasant. Contains Honey and Tar. It is the original Laxative Cough Syrup and is unrivaled for the relief of croup. Drives the cold out through the bowels. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by all druggists.

INDUSTRIAL INTEREST.

Baldwin Locomotive Works is Setting the Pace for Industrial Exhibits at Exposition.

As an index to what is being done at the Jamestown Exposition in the industrial line, it may not be out of order to cite the work done by the Baldwin Locomotive Works. It seems almost incredible but is nevertheless true that this company is erecting a building of its own 125x225 feet in which to display its own product. The building will cost \$100,000 and in it will be displayed the most complete and wonderful array of machinery in the motive power line that has ever been seen in this or any other country in the world.

Every device in the motive power line and in the line of transportation will be shown and demonstrated so fully and so completely that he who runs may read.

One of the features will be one of their finest locomotives mounted on a platform in such manner that the drive wheels will be kept in constant motion to demonstrate its perfection and show to the thousands of daily visitors what has been accomplished in that line since their first engine was built.

But, the Baldwin Locomotive Works is not the only corporation that realizes the vastness of the opportunity to show the world what is being done. Hundreds of other concerns are following the pace set, and the industrial exhibits in every line at the Jamestown Exposition will be such as have never been seen in the world before. Not a line or branch of industry will be missing when the gates of this, the greatest Exposition that has ever been held, swing open to the public on the 26th day of next April.

Fear in Children.

An examination of 1,500 children, recently made in the West, shows thunderstorms are far by the worst terrors of childhood.

Afterwards, in the order set down, come snakes, strangers, darkness, fire death, disease, wild animals, policemen, water, insects and ghosts.

In the fear of rats and mice girls exceed boys in the ratio of 75 to 16. In boys fear begins to diminish after fifteen years, in girls after the eighteenth.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

GREAT KENTUCKIANS.

Beautiful Women, Fast Horses, Fine Whisky, Plenty Tobacco, Not All.

Fast horses, fine whiskey, beautiful women and plenty of tobacco are usually spoken of in connection with Kentucky. For some of these products we are thankful, and hope their number may increase. A recent writer points out a long list of names of which we may all feel proud. So in the list of productions man has a prominent part, and Kentucky history records the lives of many famous men.

"Kentuckians, under George Rogers Clark, moved the boundary of United States from the Ohio river to the great lakes.

"It was a Kentucky Statesman—John Breckenridge—who was the real author of the Louisiana purchase.

"Kentucky made the War of 1812 and did more than her share of the fighting of it.

"Kentucky was the first State to establish common school and support them by tax on all the property of the State.

"Kentucky served the free navigation of the Mississippi river. Kentucky gave more soldiers to the Texas revolution than any other State.

"The first steamboat ever launched in the world was the work of a Kentuckian—John Fitch.

"Audubon lived in Kentucky; so did Alexander Campbell.

"Joel T. Hart was a Kentuckian, as well as America's greatest sculptor.

"Jewett was a Kentuckian, as well as America's greatest portrait painter.

"Thomas F. Marshall and Richard Menifee were Kentuckians as well as the finest orators.

"George Robertson, Kentucky jurist gave more suggestions to the judiciary at Westminster than any American Judge.

"Ephriam McDowell, a Kentucky Surgeon, performed the first successful operation for ovariotomy.

"Dr. Brashar, of Kentucky, performed the first successful hip-joint operation. These two feats astonished the medical college of Edinburgh, Paris and Berlin.

"Bishop Bascon, a Kentuckian, was the greatest pulpit orator our country has produced.

"Robert J. Breckenridge was the leading Presbyterian clergyman of two generations.

"John A. Broadus was the most erudite Hebrew scholar of all American.

"Spalding's history of the Catholic church stamps him as the equal of any American who has written history.

"There are more churches and more church members in Kentucky according to population, than in any other State, and fewer suits for seduction, slander and libel.

"Kentucky contributed Lincoln to the North and gave Davis to the South. She was on both sides of that war and is proud of it, though a little prouder of the rebel side than the other."

Hard-Mouthed Horses.

Here is something of practical value to any one driving a horse that pulls against the bit: Fasten a small ring to each side of the bridle and as near the brow band as possible. Pass the lines through the bit rings and snap them into the rings at the brow band. This, with a common jointed bit, will enable a child to hold a puller or hard-mouthed horse with ease under almost all circumstances. It can be used on a fast horse in a double team or both as desired. It is cheap and easily applied, and it won't make the mouth sore. It is better than any patent bit.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Farmers' Outlook.

The farmer's Standard of living is raising higher and higher. He sends the common things of his farm to the cities to become luxuries. He is becoming a traveler; and he has his telephone and his daily mail and his newspapers. His life is healthful to body and sane to mind, and the noise and the fever of the city have not become the craving of his nerves

nor his ideal of the every pleasure of life. A new dignity has come to agriculture, along with economic strength; and the farmer has a new horizon far back of that of his prairie and his mountains, which is more promising than the sky-line of the city.

Walking on Water.

Madison, Ind., Jan. 5.—C. U. Oldrieve, walking on the water, left Madison at 3 o'clock last evening, eight hours behind time on his forty days' trip from Cincinnati to New Orleans. His wife, who is the champion oarsman of the world, keeps near him in a skiff, and J. W. Weatherington, of Louisville, Arthur Jones and U. F. Maiden accompany him with a launch. Weatherington has wagered Ed Williams, of Boston, \$5,000 that Oldrieve will succeed. Oldrieve's arrival here was heralded by blowing of whistles and thousands of people saw him.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Only a little cold in the head may be the beginning of an obstinate case of Nasal Catarrh. Drive out the invader with Ely's Cream Balm applied straight to the inflamed stuffed up air-passage. Price 50c. If you prefer to use an atomizer, ask for Liquid Cream Balm. It has all the good qualities of remedy in solid form and will rid you of catarrh and hay fever. No cocaine to dry out the secretion. Price 75c., with spraying tube. All druggists, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York.

THE WIND WAGON.

Makes Thirty Miles an Hour and Blows Leaves Off Trees.

A wind wagon is what G. H. Curtiss, of Hammondsport, N. Y., calls a weird-looking vehicle in which he occasionally takes a spin.

The frame is of wood and the wheels are of the ordinary bicycle type. It is a three-wheeler, steering being accomplished by the forward wheeler.

The motor is a two-cylinder, air-cooled gasoline of the V type, such as has been generally used in airship work, and is placed below the propeller shaft and as near to it as possible. The engine belts to a driving wheel on the propeller shaft, which reduces the revolutions of the propeller to 250 per minute.

"The machine," says Mr. Curtiss in Popular Mechanics, "although of no commercial value, is thoroughly practical and will easily run thirty miles per hour. The propeller is 6 feet in diameter and has a pitch of about 5 1/2 feet.

"It is needless to say that the rig is a great horse scarer, and blows up a great cloud of dust when passing along the road, and will even pull the leaves from the trees where the branches are low."

The machine complete weighs 300 pounds. There is no patent on the idea and anyone with his small gasoline motor can build his own craft. An iceboat can also be driven in the same manner.

The idea has just been utilized in France, where M. Archdeacon of Archeres applied the propeller to a motorcycle. In his case the propeller was carried in front, which had the effect of pulling instead of pushing. The entire outfit weighs 160 pounds and made a speed of forty-nine and one-half miles per hour over short distances.

Art and the Artless.

"It strikes me," said the critic "that you are inclined to discourage art."

"That's right," replied the theatrical manager. "I find it pays better to give the people what they want."—Chicago News.

A Public Benefactor.

An eastern contractor who is accused of laying an asphalt pavement with a top crust only one inch thick instead of three inches, as the contract provided for, explains the matter by saying that it would be almost impossible to tear up a three inch pavement. In view of the fact that asphalt pavements seem to be put down simply that they may be torn up, the contractor has clearly shown that he was endeavoring to be a public benefactor.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c AND \$1.00.

CONDENSED STORIES.

How a Husband's Duplicity Was Revealed to His Better Half.

A Philadelphia clergyman was talking about the late Sam Small.

"I once heard him speak," he said, "and his humor and eloquence impressed me deeply. He had a happy knack of illustration. He wanted, I remember, to illustrate the frailty that is a part of even the best characters, and he told a story about a brave young soldier.

"This soldier, he said, enlisted in the Spanish-American war and

ble sermon and, as is frequently his wont, deviated from the strict letter of his text and interpolated certain remarks in regard to the benefits of life insurance. After the sermon an apathetic individual approached Mr. Jones and said:

"Mr. Jones, I have allus admired yer. I hev followed yer words an' tried ter live in the way yer pointed out, but we has ter part company."

"How so?" said Mr. Jones.

"Well," replied the apathetic one, "yer spoke of the benefits of life insurance. I don't like that. Ther Scriptures teach us that ther Lord will provide."

Quick as a flash the noted evangelist said:

"That's true. The Lord is merciful. He will provide poorhouses for you and your kind."

THE NORTH POLE.

Commander Peary's achievement in getting nearer the north pole than any other human being has ever before succeeded in doing is deserving of all praise, of course. Nevertheless the fact remains that it adds practically nothing to our general geographical knowledge or to our special topographical acquaintance with these desolate regions. It is as sure as anything can be that the north pole is merely a frozen floe in a frozen sea. Land it can hardly be, unless, perchance, some isolated rock juts up by some curious coincidence at just that spot from the bed of the shallow polar ocean basin. For we now know for an absolute certainty that Greenland is an island and that the Arctic ocean consequently is merely a circular eternally frozen Mediterranean sea. We also know that no corresponding sea but an eternally frozen antarctic continent exists at the opposite pole. Thus in this twentieth century the speculations of the geographers of the twelfth are proved to be correct—sea at one pole, land at the other.—London Mail.

The Potato In Ireland.

Statistics prepared by the Irish department of agriculture relating to the potato crop reveal some interesting results as to the popularity of the different varieties throughout the country. It is indicative of the conservatism of the growers that notwithstanding the numerous selections of high class new varieties that are now available the Irish farmer continues to adhere faithfully to the old Champion. This old variety still occupies more land than all the others put together, notwithstanding its liability to failure through blight or other causes. The Up to Date may be said to be the only new variety that is making appreciable headway, and, although it is steadily gaining in favor, it seems unlikely to supersede the Champion for many years to come, if ever.—Dundee Advertiser.

An American Fooled In Poland.

For \$5,000 an American amateur had the luck to pick up in an old curiosity shop in Poland a curious renaissance piece of furniture in iron, apparently some sort of miniature tabernacle, having small fluted columns and a gracefully shaped cupola. The dealer supposed that it had been used for the celebration of Jewish rites in private houses during times of persecution. The curio bore every sign of age, and the amateur bought it and put it in a place of honor in his collections. He has since come to Paris and taken the electric underground for the first time. On the platform he beheld new and freshly painted replicas of his renaissance Jewish tabernacle. The \$5,000 curio was the top part of a penny-in-the-slot chocolate machine.—Paris Letter.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve For Piles, Burns, Sores.

PATHTIC LETTER

etty Young Girl. Who
Trusted a Villian.

es Another of Her Ruin,
n Drinks Carbolic Acid
Which Ends Life.

ly forgiving the man who had
ed her, and wishing him hap-
life, although he was to mar-
ter woman, Miss Lillie Mel-
farewell letter, which she
just before taking carbolic
s unusual in many ways and
s one of the pathetic letters
n by "Billy Brown, the girl
red by Chester Gillette. The
ing is the letter which the
ful Madisonville girl wrote
before ending her life, unable to
ne future:

Enclosed you will find a
which I owe you for having
in my ticket the Sunday after-
we went to the Gap. Thank
incerely.

en are you and Berna to be
ed? Soon? Of course, I know
be both very, very happy, but
od knows the terrible anguish
isery I feel. Oh, why did you
ave me alone when you went
from me before? Why in
name did you come back to
afresh the old hurt in my

you going to live at Norton-
I want you to be happy; have
s wanted that, but I cannot
forward to a life of long, end-
isery and unhappiness. You told
was wrong to take one's own
but you do not stop to consider
that same life is more than can
orne with misery and shame. If
is a heaven to be gained by
d, there certainly is a hell to
d. You say you believe we are
ved; then it seems to me in-
of wishing me to live on here in
happiness that you know I am in,
would not mind my going away
ore perfect happiness and love.

est or worst, death will at least
me perfect rest. I do not think
there is any happiness in life
for me, and sometimes wonder

What have I done that you
d have set about, in the way you
to wreck my life and my hap-
piness. God knows that you have
asked anything of me, that I
not willingly granted you. I
not sorry of it, either, except
human nature will have its way
grief and misery will fill my

erna is a dear, sweet girl, and
will make you happy. She is
er than poor me, but she cannot
bly love you more than I do,
she is not any purer and more
ous than I was before you sul-
my honor. I wonder, Otto,
you could contemplate marriage
any girl after the things that
passed between us, after you
told me over and over again
you never meant to marry, that
did not think you could possibly
get ready to marry. Some-
es I wonder if you ever told me
tly what you felt, and meant, at
time. God knows, Otto, it is a
ble thing to win a woman's
rt to deceive her from first to

God forgive you, as freely as
for the things you have made
suffer. Why are you coming
here? What have you to say
e now? I am going to give the
ol up, but I do not know just
I shall do yet. If you marry I
end the whole business, but
rwise I have not made up my
d what I shall do. I do not ask
to give up your happiness, not
one minute. You told me I was
sh, but I am not that selfish.
happiness means more to me
my own does, but God knows a
of misery cannot be endured,
as I will feel when you are mar-
ed.

Oh, God, what must I do? I
almost that I will go mad, mad,
nnot, cannot bear it! I am afraid
myself, for I know that I ought
to be so cowardly as to want to
before God wants me to. I am
ng to be selfish enough to ask you
ve me a little time, now that
have told me. I should like to
you, but not Berna. Don't
g her when you come. I can't
er that yet. And, my darling, for
re God you are mine, and it can't
helped now, my precious love, I
e you will be happy. But oh,
my heart! If you wish to come
all be glad to see you. I want
to forgive me for the times I

Verdict for Dr. Pierce

AGAINST THE
Ladies' Home Journal.

Sending truth after a lie. It is an old
maxim that "a lie will travel seven
leagues while truth is getting its boots
on," and no doubt hundreds of thousands
of good people read the unwarranted and
malicious attack upon Dr. R. V. Pierce
and his "Favorite Prescription" published
in the May (1904) number of the Ladies'
Home Journal, with its great black dis-
play headings, who never saw the hum-
ble, groveling retraction, with its in-
conspicuous heading, published two months
later. It was boldly charged in the slan-
derous and libelous article that Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription, for the cure of
woman's weaknesses and ailments, con-
tained alcohol and other harmful ingredi-
ents. Dr. Pierce promptly brought suit
against the publishers of the Ladies'
Home Journal, for \$200,000.00 damages.

Dr. Pierce alleged that Mr. Bok, the
editor, maliciously published the article
containing such false and defamatory
matter with the intent of injuring his
business, furthermore, that no alcohol, or
other poisonous, or habit-forming, drugs
are, or ever were, contained in his "Fa-
vorite Prescription"; that said medicine
is made from native medicinal roots and
contains no harmful ingredients what-
ever, and that Mr. Bok's malicious state-
ments were wholly and absolutely false.

In the retraction printed by said Journal
they were forced to acknowledge that they
had contained analyses of "Favorite Pre-
scription" from eminent chemists, all of
whom certified that it did not contain al-
cohol or any of the alleged harmful drugs.
These facts were also proven in the trial of
the action in the Supreme Court. But the
business of Dr. Pierce was greatly injured by
the publication of the libelous article with
its great display headings, while hundreds
of thousands who read the wickedly defama-
tory article never saw the humble groveling
retraction, set in small type and made as in-
conspicuous as possible. The facts were
never brought before a jury in the Supreme
Court of New York State which promptly
rendered a verdict in the doctor's favor.
Thus his traducement came to grief and his
base slanders were refuted.

have given you pain and unhappi-
ness. You have my forgiveness for
all the pain and sorrow you have
brought into my life. God bless you
and Berna both, and sometimes think
kindly of poor, lost LILLIE.

"I had tried everything for baby,
until Dr. Lyle recommended CASCAS-
SWEET. I can truthfully say it is
the best medicine I ever used for
babies. My little baby was a
mere skeleton from stomach trouble
—so bad that she did not notice any-
thing, but is now entirely well, and
we can almost see her grow."—Nan-
nie L. Taylor, Bedford, Va. CASCAS-
SWEET is sold by all druggists. m

"KY.-JAMESTOWN WEEK."

Emergency Campaign Planned
For Six Days, Beginning
January 21.

"Kentucky-Jamestown Week" is
to be observed throughout the State
during the six days commencing
January 21. Arrangements to this
end have been made by the Ken-
tucky Jamestown Exposition Com-
mittee, of which Col. J. Stoddard
Johnson is President. From Janu-
ary 21, until the opening of the ex-
position only 95 days will elapse.
In order to erect a State building
and make an exhibit of Kentucky's
products and resources it is neces-
sary that the required fund of \$40,-
000 be secured at once.

Advices from Norfolk indicate
that the exposition will open on the
appointed time, April 25. Construc-
tion work is well advanced and many
of the exposition buildings have
been completed. Several states have
finished their buildings. The build-
ing to be erected for Kentucky will
be of logs shipped from this State
and is to be a replica of Daniel
Boon's Fort. The Kentucky build-
ing will nestle in a beautiful pine
grove on the shores of Hampton
Roads and overlooking the spot
where the fight between the Moni-
tor and the Merimac occurred. It is
said to be the finest site on the ex-
position grounds.

In the States' exhibit building,
Kentucky has an allotment of ex-
cellent space covering an area of
about 2,500 square feet in the east-
ern end of the building.

Food don't digest. Because the
stomach lacks some of the essential
digestants or the digestive juices are
not properly balanced. Then, too,
it is this undigested food that causes
sourness and painful indigestion.
Kodol for indigestion should be used
for relief. Kodol is a solution of ve-
getable acids. It digests what you
eat, and corrects the deficiencies of
the digestion. Kodol conforms to
the National Pure Food and Drug
Law. Sold by all druggists. m

Received Weight in Soap.

A lady in Paris was married re-
cently and her father, who is a hair-
dresser, gave her, besides her dow-
ry, her weight in toilet soap. As
she weighs 140 pounds, the family
will not be among th great unwash-
ed, it is certain.

94 COUNTIES "DRY."

Temperance Has Increased In Old
Kentucky In a Remarka-
ble Manner.

(Elizabethtown News.)

The drouth in Kentucky continues
to spread, and there are now ninety-
four totally "dry" counties out of
the total of 119.

Two months ago there were 82
"dry" counties, but since then many
precinct and county elections have
been held to vote whether liquor
should be sold or not. In these,
twelve counties have gone "dry"
and the only victory gained by the
"wets" was to carry the town of
Cloverport, in Breckenridge county.

The remarkable spread of tem-
perance in the Bourbon Common-
wealth, the home and stronghold of
Kentucky whiskey, has been more
strikingly evidenced in the past two
weeks than ever before. In that
time eight counties went "dry"—
Ballard, Logan, Pulaski, Lewis, Pen-
dleton, Greenup, Whitley and Todd.

The "drys" met with one dis-
appointment. Middlesborough, the
county seat of Bell county, is the on-
ly "wet" spot in the Eleventh Con-
gressional district. This district in-
cludes the mountain counties in
Eastern Kentucky, where the moon-
shine is supposed to trickel in a con-
tinuous stream. An election was
held at Middlesboro two weeks
ago, and the "drys" put forth all
their efforts to carry the last citadel
of Demon Rum in the Eleventh.
They failed by a small margin.

There isn't a county in Kentucky
that is totally "wet."

There are only four counties that
are approximately saturated. These
are Meade, Jefferson, Kenton and
Campbell, along the Ohio River in
the northern part of the State.
Todd county, on the southern bor-
der, was "wet," but the "drys" cap-
tured it in their recent raid.

There are ninety-four counties
without saloons, nineteen with sa-
loons at only one place, nine with sa-
loons at two places, and six where
whiskey is sold at three or more
points.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by applications, as they cannot reach
the diseased portion of the ear.
The is only one way to cure deafness
and that is by constitutional reme-
dies. Deafness is caused by and in-
flamed condition of the mucous lin-
ing of the Eustacian Tube. When
this tube is inflamed you have a
rumbling sound or imperfect hear-
ing, and when it is entirely closed.
Deafness is the result, and unless the
inflammation can be taken out and
this tube resorted to its normal con-
dition, hearing will be destroyed
forever; nine cases out of ten are
caused by Catarrh, which is nothing
but an inflamed condition of the mu-
cous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars
for any case of Deafness (caused by
catarrh) that cannot be cured by
Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for cir-
culars free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for con-
stipation. m

Germs in Wallpaper.

A prominent American hygienist
is of the opinion that paper and tap-
estry wall coverings in houses are
the preservation of disease germs.
On the other hand, walls covered
with stucco or good varnish, can not
only be readily freed from germs by
washing, but they possess the prop-
erty of cleansing themselves sponta-
neously from bacteria lodged upon
them. It has been found that the
germs of typhoid, of cholera and of
pneumonia, when placed on such
wall, perish within twenty-four
hours, while on walls covered with
dry size, they survive for weeks and
even months. Dampness increases
and prolongs the danger.

Warren Peyton Married.

On January 1, 1907, Mr. Warren
Peyton, our Superintendent of Pub-
lic Schools, and Miss Biddie McCabe
were married in Louisville, Ky., says
the Leitchfield Gazette. Mr. Peyton
is a very prominent man in educa-
tional circles and has been in school
business ever since he was old
enough to hold a certificate. So far
he has made a successful, fair and
impartial officer and is a credit to
the office and the county. Miss Mc-
Cabe is the daughter of Mr. Barney
McCabe, of Leitchfield, and she has
also been engaged in teaching for
many years, being one of the best
known and prominent teachers of

the county. Mr. Peyton and wife
will return to Leitchfield to-day
where they will make their future
home, in the beautiful property late-
ly purchased by Mr. Peyton. May
happiness and pleasures manifold
await them and thornless roses grow
along their path to futurity.

Mr. Peyton is well known in Hart-
ford and Ohio county, having taught
school in the county and attended
school at Hartford college.

Little touches of back-ache should
not be allowed to go untended.
Rheumatism and many other things
follow. A box of DeWitt's kidney
and bladder pills will bring relief
quickly. They drive the poison from
the body. Act on the liver as well
as the kidneys. A twenty-five cent
box holds a week's treatment— Sold
by all druggists. m

TAKES TUMBLE

Denatured Alcohol Causes Big
Drop in Price of Wood
Product.

Since January 1 there has been a
drop of 30 cents a gallon in the price
of wood alcohol in the local whole-
sale market. The price prior to Janu-
ary 1 was 70 cents, to-day it is quot-
ed at 40 cents. The drop is due to
the new law permitting the manu-
facture and sale of denatured al-
cohol. The law became effective Jan-
uary 1 and the price of the wood
product immediately began tum-
bling. The denatured alcohol has
not yet appeared on the market, but
it is expected within a short time.
It is quoted, however, at 40 cents a
gallon in barrel lots. It is expected
to very largely display the wood pro-
duct, although a market for the lat-
ter will probably always remain.

Virtues of Salt.

Common, ordinary table salt (sod-
ium chloride), has many virtues.

It is one of the best cleansers for
the teeth and gums. It is excellent
for the skin, and disinfects wounds
and sores. It is good for dyspepsia.
It relieves pain caused by bee stings
and spider bites. Land is greatly
enriched and grass is made to grow
by sprinkling salt on the ground.
Salt used when sweeping carpets
freshens them and keeps out moths.
It will put out a fire in the chimney,
as well as revive a coal fire. Salt in
the oven under baking tins prevents
scorching on the bottom. Salt put
on ink spots, freshly made, will re-
move them. Salt in water will re-
freshen cut flowers, and as a head
wash will prevent the hair from
falling out.

Clear up the complexion, cleanse
the liver and tone the system. You
can best do this by a dose or two of
DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Safe,
reliable little pills with a reputation.
The pills that everyone knows.
Recommended by all druggists. m

The Spirit of Winter.

The Spirit of Winter is with us,
making its presence known in many
different ways—sometimes by cherry
supshine and glistening snows, and
sometimes by driving winds and
blinding storms. To many peo-
ple it seems to take a delight in
making bad things worse, for rheu-
matism twists harder, twinges sharper,
catarrh becomes more annoying,
and the many symptoms of scrofula
and developed and aggravated.
There is not much poetry in this, but
there is truth, and it is a wonder
that more people don't get rid of
these ailments. The medicine that
cures them—Hood's Sarsaparilla—is
easily obtained and there is abundant
proof that it cures are radical and permanent.

When the cold winds dry and crack
the skin a box of salve can save
much discomfort. In buying salve
look for the name on the the box to
avoid any imitations, and be sure
you get the original DeWitt's
Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by all
druggists. m

In Memory of Little Louis Ashby.

Who departed this life December
23, 1906. Louis was the daughter of
Lewis, deceased, and Nannie Ashby.
In Walton's Creek cemetery she is
sweetly sleeping the sleep of the
just. Dear mother, sisters and
brother, you have lost one loved so
dearly. She cannot come back to
you, but you can strive to meet her
in the great beyond.

We cannot tell who next may fall
beneath the golden rod, so let us all
live better and prepare to meet our
God. MARIE.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Charles H. Fletcher. and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-
goric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It
contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic
substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms
and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind
Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation
and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the
Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher.
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In Use For Over 30 Years.

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THE REPUBLICAN and Home and Farm.....	1.25
THE REPUBLICAN and Lippencott's and Cosmopolitan...	3.25
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THE REPUBLICAN and Daily Owensboro Inquirer.....	3.70
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**Senning's
EUROPEAN HOTEL,**
The Home for Ohio County People.
Elegant Clean Rooms, and Polite Attention. S. W.
Corner Second and Jefferson Streets.
COLLINS & GRIFFIN, Props.

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The difference between hitting and missing is a matter
of inches between an Accurate and an Inaccurate Aim.
Choose wisely—discriminate! Get a STEVENS!
Forty years of experience behind our tried and
proven line of
RIFLES, PISTOLS, SHOTGUNS
and all the accessories that go with them.
Send 4c. in stamps for a
large catalog describing
the entire STEVENS line.
Profusely illustrated, and
containing points on Shoot-
ing, Ammunition, Etc.
Beautiful three-color Aluminum Plates will be for-
warded for 20 cents in stamps.
J. STEVENS ARMS AND TOOL CO.,
P.O. Box 206
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Highest Award
WORLD'S FAIR
ST. LOUIS

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WITH
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with more than 25,000 titles, based on the
latest census returns.
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containing the names of over 10,000 noted
persons, date of birth, death, etc.
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Needed in Every Home

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new plates, on blue paper. 8 beautiful bindings.
FREE, "Dictionary Writings," illustrated pamphlets.
G. & C. MERRIAM CO.,
Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of
Charles H. Fletcher.

ANNUAL INVENTORY SALE.

We have just got through invoicing our stock and find that we have sold more and had greater success in 1906 than ever before, and we attribute our great success to the people of Ohio county, and heartily thank them for their liberal patronage and hope to retain it during 1907. We still strive to satisfy everybody as usual, which we have succeeded doing so far. If you have not traded with us before, make a new year's resolution and start in with us now and we will guarantee you perfect satisfaction in everything. We have special lots of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishings, Dress Goods, Skirts, etc., that we will sell at about half half price during the month of January. Also, we will sell everything we have in the house at very much reduced prices. Here are some quotations which we are offering:

Overcoats.	Men's Suits.	Boys' Suits.
35 Men's \$5 Overcoats, extra long with belt, all sizes, only\$2.98	38 Men's \$6 Suits at.....\$3.98	45 Boys' Suits at 89c
14 Men's \$6.50 Overcoats, heavy Blazer Cloth, good quality, all sizes.....\$3.29	19 Men's \$6.50 Suits at.....\$4.98	26 Boys' Suits at.....\$1.19
38 Men's \$10 Overcoats, extra fine quality, extra heavy long or short, assorted colors.....\$6.59	23 Men's \$7.50 Suits at.....\$5.00	35 Boys' Suits at.....\$1.49
9 Men's \$12.50 Overcoats, extra good quality, blue black and fancy Patterns, extra long or medium length.....\$7.98	26 Men's \$8.50 Suits at.....\$5.98	20 Boys' Suits at.....\$1.89
22 Men's \$9 Overcoats, all lengths and all colors with or without belt, all sizes.....\$5.98	37 Men's \$10 Suits at.....\$6.59	78 Boys' Suits at.....\$1.98
	48 Men's \$12.50 Suits at.....\$8.98	40 Boys' Suits at.....\$2.29
	65 Men's \$13.50 Suits at.....\$9.50	16 Boys' Suits at.....\$2.98
	53 Men's \$15 Suits at.....\$9.98	32 Boys' Suits.....\$3.15
	We have plenty more in stock that are not quoted here, which we will sell at cut price.	
		Hats.
		140 Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Hats..... 98c
		118 Men's \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 Hats at.....\$1.15
		126 Men's \$2.50 Hats at.....\$1.79
		These Hats are the latest Styles in all colors and all shapes, stiff Hats or Soft Hats.

262 dozen of Men, Women and Boys' heavy fleeced line Underwear at 19c. They are going fast, don't wait. Come and buy them at once. Best Calico 44c. Best Outing Cloth 84c. Factory Cotton 5c.

SALE BEGINS TOMORROW.

SAM BACH, - - Hartford, Ky.

Hartford Republican.

(owned by the Hartford Publishing Company.
(INCORPORATED.)

C. M. BARNETT, Editor.
C. E. SMITH, Editor.

TELEPHONES.
Camberland.....32.
Cough River.....22.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce S. A. ANDERSON, of West Hartford Precinct, a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly from this, the 20th district, subject to the action of the Republican party.

We are authorized to announce W. W. PARK, of the Belda Precinct, a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly from this, the 20th district, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Examine the label on your paper, if it is not correct notify us.

Of all the great crop of statistics, the South Dakota divorce record heads the list.

REPUBLICANS should hold their State Convention not later than April, this year.

If coal gets much higher we will be forced to resort to our pile of unused manuscript.

WHAT has become of the prophet, who predicted that all the rivers would dry up this year?

FROM the intenz which Mr. Bryan takes in Oklahoma, he evidently believes there is a chance to bring a state up properly, beginning while it is young.

SAN FRANCISCO no doubt regards the city of Washington as fortunate in the fact that the conduct of its schools does not involve treaty obligations.

AN exchange says that a certain divine, who had been away, returned home by way of Paradise. The question is: being once there why did he leave?

WHEN Bob Taylor gets into the United States Senate, they are going to have him try the soothing effect of his violin on one of Ben Tillman's

rages. Everything else has been tried in vain.

THE Ohio County Union did well to elect President Moreland for another term. He is the right man in the right place, and the order is now at a stage in its history in which it will need a man like Mr. Moreland as Pilot, more than ever.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT has won monumental fame and everlasting gratitude by his fight against the Standard Oil trust. This monster has made and unmade our Government officials at its desire, but it is at last about to receive long delayed justice. Its stock has already shrunk more than \$140,000,000,000 and is still shrinking. It has invoked the law, when it served it, and set it aside when that course suited its purpose better. Now it is on the rack and it is thought this hideous monster will be destroyed from the face of the earth.

THERE is a great deal of talk about the condition of the roads over the county. It must not be forgotten that dirt and water mixed makes mud. That the roads are very muddy at present we are all aware. So is "mother earth" every where. There has been enough rain since last June to keep the roads wet most all the time and since August the ground everywhere has been soaked from the excessive rainfall. Is it any wonder then that the roads are muddy? What means could have been employed to keep it from raining on the roads? None unless sheds had been built over them. More work on the roads might have lessened the amount of mud, but so long as it rains there will certainly be some mud and likely in the roads too.

ON page nine, of this issue, we republish a statement of the committee appointed by the Republican members of the Legislature for the purpose of bringing necessary actions to test the constitutionality of the re-districting act of that body. That committee, of which Senator A. S. Bennett is chairman, has instituted and won a suit in Ohio and Butler counties; each

court declared the re-districting act unconstitutional. These cases have been taken to the Court of Appeals. They were argued by attorneys for the Democrats yesterday and a decision will likely be rendered in a few days. It is the belief of the well informed that the higher court will also declare the law unconstitutional. On last Monday the committee filed a suit in the Green Circuit court, asking it to declare unconstitutional all the Congressional re-districting acts passed since 1882. The committee's report points out the glaring inequalities of population in a number of Legislative districts, as well as Congressional districts, and it is only necessary to refer to it to see that a Republican has only about one-fourth the voting power of a Democrat when it comes to electing members of the Legislature.

Mrs. Park Improving.

Mrs. W. W. Park, of the Clear Run neighborhood, who underwent a surgical operation for mastoid abscess one day last week is rapidly recovering. Sometime in November she had an attack of the grip which settled in her head causing the formation of two abscesses, one behind the ear and one in the forehead. Drs. Taylor and Stanley were the operating surgeons and it was necessary to make an incision in the skull bone in each place to reach the trouble. Such an operation is a most delicate one and the patients rapid recovery is most phenomenal.

Moss and Tompson.

Plasterers and contractors, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 29 or Beaver Dam Planing Mill. 13tf

Get Rid of Scrofula

Bunches, eruptions, inflammations, soreness of the eyelids and ears, diseases of the bowels, rickets, dyspepsia, catarrh, wasting, are only some of the troubles it causes. It is a very active evil, making havoc of the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Eradicates it, cures all its manifestations, and builds up the whole system. Accept no substitute.

DAVID MORELAND AGAIN PRESIDENT.

(Continued from first page.)

present who were unable to attend the sessions on Friday, a motion was adopted endorsing the work of the union of the previous day.

A motion to reconsider that part of the report of the committee on resolutions relating to live stock, was made and after being discussed by various delegates, was voted down.

Mr. J. P. Foster presented a resolution which was adopted by the district tobacco growers' association at Owensboro and moved that it be endorsed by this body, which was carried. Following is the resolution:

"Whereas, The Executive Board of the Green River Tobacco Growers' Association having on the 7th day of December, 1906, prescribed the acreage limit of the district, and

Whereas, There being some misunderstanding in regard to its application, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we define the order adopted by the Board as follows:

The acreage of tobacco in the district shall be limited to 19,000 hills to the hand, and 5,000 hills to the half hand, half hand to be boys of 12 years of age or over on the 1st day of January, 1907, and hands to be males of 16 years of age, or over, on the 1st day of September, 1907, and be it further

Resolved, That no man be permitted to plant tobacco or to have it planted, and be it further Resolved, That a committee be appointed in each local to count the hills and report the actual number of hills set by each member of said local, and be it further

Resolved, That we request each county union in the district to ratify the action of the district board. Be it finally

Resolved, That any member who is found with an excess of plants over the prescribed limit, be required to destroy the excess or surrender his membership.

On motion the union went into the election of officers for the year. Nominations for President being declared

in order, David Moreland was nominated and unanimously elected. He delivered a brief, earnest speech in which he showed his appreciation of the extraordinary honor which had been extended over his protest.

E. G. Austin and T. H. Balmann were placed in nomination for Vice President. The vote resulted in the election of Mr. Austin who responded in a neat speech of acceptance.

S. L. Stevens, R. C. Jarnagin, C. M. Barnett, Will Rhoads and Alney Tichenor were placed in nomination for County Secretary. The vote resulted in the election of C. M. Barnett, who thanked the body for the honor and accepted the position. This completed the list of officers, the Treasurer having already been elected. Mr. Keown was called for and made a speech, promising to take good care of all the money.

A motion to let the hauling of the pooled tobacco at Hartford to Beaver Dam to the lowest and best bidder was amended so as to restrict the bidders to members of the order, and adopted.

C. M. Barnett presented the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That our delegates to the State Union be instructed to urge upon that body the importance of the immediate organization of a State Grain Growers' Association and that they vote for a resolution to that effect.

After some discussion it was decided to send a full delegation to the State Union at Frankfort and that the County Union defray one-half the expenses.

On motion the chair appointed a committee of seven, one delegate from each magisterial district to report a list of delegates to the State Union. The committee was made up as follows: C. M. Barnett, J. R. Weller, George Neighbors, R. C. Jarnagin, R. P. Moseley, S. F. Whitely and Alney Tichenor.

The union adopted a motion making the seven members composing the above committee delegates. The committee then retired and selected the following who were duly elected by the union: James Chambers, Elmore Ashley, J. R. Miller, C. P. Keown, R. B. Martin, W. F. Stevens, James Hunt, E. G. Kirby, S. L. Stevens, E. G. Austin, C. N. Taylor, C. T. Whittinghill, C. M. Barnett, J. R. Weller, George Neighbors, R. C. Jarnagin, R.

P. Moseley, S. F. Whitely and Alney Tichenor.

A motion was adopted to revoke the charter of any local which shall retain as a member any dumper.

It was ordered that an order be given the delegates to the National Union for their expenses.

A motion was adopted providing for a night session of the next county union on Friday night.

On motion C. M. Barnett was appointed a committee to confer with railroad agent to secure rates to the Frankfort meeting for our delegates. W. F. Stevens, delegate to the Clarksville meeting, from Ohio county, was given an order for his expenses.

A motion was adopted giving each delegate to the State Union the right to select a substitute in case of his inability to attend.

Adjourned to meet the first Friday in April, next.

S. L. Stevens, Sec'y pro tem.
James Hunt, Ass't Sec'y.

For Sale.

Having decided to quit business, I offer for sale my entire stock of general merchandise; one storehouse, two lots in good locality, near church and good school. For particulars call on or address L. E. EVERLY, 2618 Matanzas, Ky.

Call Meeting.

There will be a call meeting of Preston Morton Post No. 4 on Saturday Jan. 19, 1907. Business of importance to attend to. Come one and all. Respectfully in F. C. & L. G. W. BUNGER, Com.

GLASSES



In time saves sight. Neglect to have them properly examined may mean a life time of sorrow and regret. Small disorders grow more serious every day. There is satisfaction in knowing for sure that your eyes are alright. We can tell you.

J. B. TAPPAN,
Jeweler and Optician,
HARTFORD, KY.

FAIR'S SPECIALS SATURDAY.

Millinery.

Regardless of cost, on Saturday, we will close out our entire stock of Winter Millinery. Don't care to invoice it or store it away. If interested, call on the above day.

Children's Cloaks.

After going over our Cloak stock, we find we have too many Children's Wraps on hand. Saturday we will put them in two lots.

Lot No. 1.—All our Children's Wraps that sold for \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 go at\$1.98

Lot No. 2.—All our Children's Wraps that sold for \$3.75, \$4, \$4.50, \$5 go at\$2.68 From 4 to 12 years.

Men's Overcoats.

A fair line to select from. We don't want to carry a single coat over. To avoid this, the price must be made low, hence we have gone through our stock preparatory to making a big cut. \$5 Coats \$3.48, \$7.50 Coats \$4.48, \$9 Coats \$5.98, \$10 Coats \$6.98, \$12.50 Coats 7.48. A good time to invest. Come and look over the stock.

Ladies' Skirts.

A safe investment for any lady would be one of our Skirts. We want room for Spring Skirts, hence we are willing to shove winter goods at cost or a little less. If interested, come Saturday. \$3, \$4, \$4.50 and \$5 Skirts, choice \$2.98.

Remember the Place:



Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11.

Illinois Central Railroad--Time Table.

North Bound.	South Bound.
No. 132 due 6:05 a. m.	No. 121 due 11:31 a. m.
No. 124 due 12:30 p. m.	No. 101 due 2:48 p. m.
No. 102 due 2:48 p. m.	No. 131 due 5:55 p. m.

J. R. Myers, Olaton, called to see us Wednesday.

Guns! Guns!! Guns!!! Where? At U. S. Carson's. 11-12

Oysters, Celery, Cranberries at City Restaurant.

City Restaurant is still headquarters for everything good to eat.

Mr. C. N. Taylor, Roxey, made us a pleasant call last Saturday.

Scholarship in Massey Business College for sale at this office.

Dr. G. L. Everly, Ceralvo, called to see us while in town Tuesday.

Once a customer, always a customer, is the City Restaurant's motto.

Rev. G. H. Lawrence, Beaver Dam, was a pleasant caller Monday.

For Scholarship in the Bowling Green Business College apply at this office.

See Sam Bach's Clothing for winter. They fit good, look good and wear good.

Mr. S. J. Hawkins, of the East Hartford neighborhood called to see us Monday.

City Restaurant is better prepared than ever to give its patrons first-class service.

Get your Clothing Cleaned and Pressed at Pearl's Pantiorium, at Y. M. C. A. rooms.

A big reduction in Overcoats and Suits at Carson & Co's.

Just in—a big assortment of pound Prints at Carson & Co's.

Dr. W. M. Warden, Centertown, called to see us Tuesday.

Mr. T. H. Benton, Centertown, made us a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. S. T. Hunter, Smallhouse, made us a very pleasant call Tuesday.

Mr. L. A. Sandefur, of the Roxey neighborhood, called to see us Monday.

Mr. Amos Slack, of the Shreve neighborhood, was a pleasant caller Monday.

Don't fail to read Long & Co's. ad on page 8.

Mr. Sam Bach left last Sunday for Chicago where he went on important business.

When you trade with Carson & Co. you make no mistake. You are at the right place.

Read Long & Co's. ad on Embroideries and visit the sale. We want you to see them.

Mr. Joe A. Hocker, of the East Hartford neighborhood, was a pleasant caller Wednesday.

Mr. Robert Plummer, Beaver Dam, was a very pleasant caller while in town Monday.

Hon. H. P. Taylor returned from Frankfort Tuesday where he had been on legal business.

For promptness and correctness, leave your grocery order with James Lyons, with Carson & Co.

FOR SALE—A scholarship in the Hartford Business Institute. Call on or address THE REPUBLICAN.

Esq. John M. Graham, Narrows, called to see us last Saturday.

Mr. R. C. Jarnagin, Rob Roy, was a pleasant caller last Saturday.

Misses Mabel Hunley and Joy Gilstrap, Beaver Dam, were the guests of friends in Hartford Wednesday.

All embroideries displayed on tables and marked in plain figures. See them at Long & Co's Economy Store.

Leave your laundry at Cleve Her's grocery. Work guaranteed. Prompt delivery. Agent Richmond Laundry. 46tf

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Young, China Texas, are the guests of Mrs. Young's brother, Mr. J. T. Smith, Select.

Taxidermist, James M. DeWeese, has added a fine specimen of wild goose to his already large assortment of rare fowls.

Don't neglect looking over our bargain Shoe counters. The clearance sale price is less than the wholesale price at Long & Co's Economy Store.

Mr. Everett Sandefur and wife, of Nome Texas, are the guests of Mr. Sandefur's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Sandefur, of the Roxey neighborhood.

A motion was entered in the Court of Appeals Monday for a re-hearing in the case of the Commonwealth vs. R. Flem Stevens, recently tried by that Court.

Call on Moore & Crabtree for first-class Sorghum, pure Apple Vinegar and all kinds of family groceries. Will sell as cheap as can be bought anywhere.

Elder W. B. Wright at the Christian church and Rev. J. A. Bozarth at the Presbyterian church filled their respective appointments last Sunday and Sunday night.

Mrs. Willis Heflin, of the No Creek neighborhood, who has been suffering from pelvic abscess and who was recently operated on for the trouble is improving nicely.

Have your Fire Insurance Policy issued by Barnett & Smith. They represent only the best companies and will write your policy at their office while you wait.

Mr. F. D. Baughn arrived in Hartford Tuesday evening and is now preparing to open up a complete line of Gents Furnishings in store room on Center street.

WANTED—To borrow \$1,000 at per cent. interest; mortgage on real estate worth twice that amount, also personal security. Call on or address "A." this office. 20tf

Miss Dora Gibson, Beaver Dam, Miss Annie Hocker, Goshen, and Miss Lelia Glenn, Hartford, returned Sunday from a two weeks' visit to relatives at Crowley, La.

The greatest values and the biggest assortment of Embroideries ever shown in Hartford will be on display Thursday morning, January 10th at Long & Co's Economy Store.

WANTED—A reliable man to farm on a large, rich, bottom farm in North-eastern Texas. An excellent opportunity for the right man to make money. For particulars call on or address THE REPUBLICAN, Hartford, Ky. 25tf

Don't Fail to visit our great January Embroidery sale and also Clearance sale in every department beginning Thursday morning, January 10, at eight o'clock and will continue through out the month.

LONG & CO'S, ECONOMY STORE.

WANTED:—Gentlemen or lady with good references, to travel by rail or with a rig, for a firm of \$250,000.00 capital. Salary \$1,072.00 per year and expenses; salary paid weekly and expenses advanced. Address, with stamp, Jos. A. Alexander, Hartford, Ky. 10m6

Mail on overland route from Hartford to Owensboro via Bada, Buford and Pleasant Ridge went out Wednesday morning for the first time since last Friday, likewise mail on Star route reaching Clear Run, Taft, Adaburg and Magan went out Wednesday for the first time since last Thursday, high water being cause the of failure to go.

Mr. W. W. McCall, who recently superseded Mr. VanMeter, resigned, as agent for the I. C. R. R., at Beaver Dam has resigned the position and Mr. Joseph Williams, who for the past several months has been assistant in the office has been promoted to the place. Mr. T. A. Parks has accepted the position made vacant the promotion of by Mr. Williams.

Mr. Ernest Stewart, McHenry, called to see us while in town Tuesday.

Buy a new Overcoat at Carson & Co's. at the reduced price—one-fourth off.

Messrs. John B. Wilson, John P. Foster and E. M. Morton were among the Ohio county breeders who attended the poultry show at Owensboro last week.

Come early and often to our Embroidery sale, while we have 5,000 yards and over 200 styles to select from. They are bound to go rapidly at the price.

LONG & CO'S, ECONOMY STORE.

In another column will be found the quarterly report of the Fordsville Banking Company, which shows that institution to be in a most excellent condition, and speaks eloquently for its present management.

Mrs. A. L. Hudson returned to her home in Owensboro Sunday, after several days visit to her mother-in-law, Mrs. E. J. Hudson, of Hartford. She was accompanied home by Mr. James Hudson, who returned next day.

The Mystic Circle was entertained Tuesday evening by Misses Mary and Willie Smith. The parlors and dining room were beautifully decorated in ferns and mistletoe. At 10 o'clock a most delightful lunch was served.

A Frankfort special to the Courier-Journal, reporting the assembling of delegates for the State Meeting of the A. S. of E. says: One of the largest delegations here for the meeting is that from Ohio county. It is headed by David Moreland and C. M. Barnett, both of whom are enthusiastic members of the association.

Our citizens have received a sit-up in the form of boxing plank across Main street in three places, across Center street in two places and Liberty street in one place for which all are truly thankful. Many citizens would be even more thankful if as much as a boxing plank were provided for the crossing from the public square in front of Griffin's Drug Store.

On account of the rapid growth of the Hartford Business Institute, rooms can no longer be furnished at the college building, and Miss Rogers has been compelled to move the work to her home, where it will occupy two large rooms. Hartford is quite proud of her Business Institute and we note with pleasure that the young people of the county are taking advantage of the home school in place of going elsewhere. Miss Rogers teaches an up-to-date Business course and graduates from her school are thoroughly prepared for any work they undertake.

Notes From the H. B. I.

On account of not finding suitable rooms down in town, I have moved the Hartford Business Institute to my home, on Clay street, where two large rooms are being fitted up for its accommodation. A bank will be added and each student, when qualified, will act as cashier, thus getting actual experience in this line of work before leaving school.

The number of typewriters will be doubled, new furniture will be put in and one of the best teachers in the county will be in charge of the literary branches of the course. Prospects are bright for a good attendance. Quite a number of the teachers of the county will be with us at the beginning of the new term, January 14. NETTIE ROGERS, Principal.

Weak Lungs Bronchitis

For over sixty years doctors have endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs, colds, weak lungs, bronchitis, consumption. You can trust a medicine the best doctors approve. Then trust this the next time you have a hard cough.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
SARSAPARILLA
PILLS.
HAIR VIGOR.
We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.
Ayer's Pills keep the bowels regular.
All vegetable and gently laxative.

New Year's Greeting.

The year 1906 was our banner year in business, and we recognize that we should attribute the pleasures of its achievements to the ever-increasing patronage of our loyal customers and friends. We know of no better way to show our appreciation of your favors than to plan for still greater things for 1907.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to every friend and customer of this store. If you are not our customer, we want you for a customer.

With the compliments of the season, we are

Yours for trade,

E. P. Barnes & Bros.,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Statement of the Condition OF THE BANK OF HARTFORD

At the Close of Business December 31st, 1906,

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$182,648.17
Overdrafts	2,157.07
Cash on hand and due from banks	75,172.62
Exchange for clearings	626.52
Banking house and lot	3,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,000.00
Total	\$264,804.38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	\$ 40,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	13,656.36
Deposits	209,548.02
Dividend No. 39	1,600.00
Total	\$264,804.38

Comparative Statement of Deposits.

December 31, 1900	\$ 69,888.94
December 31, 1901	94,906.67
December 31, 1902	156,234.64
December 31, 1903	169,662.91
December 31, 1904	163,367.25
December 31, 1905	183,099.72
December 31, 1906	209,548.02

OFFICERS.

J. W. FORD, President. H. P. TAYLOR, Vice President.
JOHN T. MOORE, Cashier. R. HOLBROOK, Ass't. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

J. W. FORD, H. P. TAYLOR, ROWAN HOLBROOK, JOHN C. THOMAS, JOHN T. MOORE.

UNEQUAL DIVISION

How the People of Kentucky Are Disfranchised, and How the People Can Right This Wrong.

To the People of Kentucky: At the last regular session of the General Assembly an act was passed dividing the State into 100 Representative districts, which has been approved by the Governor and clothed with all the outer habiliments or forms of law. The Constitution of Kentucky provides, among other things, that:

"The First General Assembly after the adoption of this Constitution shall divide the State into thirty-eight Senatorial districts, and one hundred Representative districts, as nearly equal in population as may be without dividing any county except where a county may include more than one district, which districts shall constitute the Senatorial and Representative districts for ten years. Not more than two counties shall be joined together to form a Representative district: Provided, in doing so the principle requiring every district to be as nearly equal in population as may be shall not be violated. If, in making said districts, inequality of population shall be unavoidable, any advantage resulting therefrom shall be given to districts having the largest territory. No part of a county shall be added to another county to make a district, and the counties forming a district shall be contiguous."

The General Assembly was directed every ten years thereafter to redistrict the State according to this rule. Conceivably the act in question was a gross violation of both the letter and spirit of the fundamental law of the State, and that it deprived a large number of our people of the right of self-government, the undersigned were selected, by the unanimous voice of the Republican members of the Legislature, to take steps to assert the rights of the people of the State against this unjust, inequitable and unconstitutional act of the Legislature.

"The right of a citizen to proportionate representation in the Legislature, so far as it can be practically carried into effect by the instrumentalities of human government, is recognized and protected by the Constitution." 155 Ill., 452.

By the act in question it appears that more than a quarter of a million of our people in twenty-four districts, or rather in twelve of them, have been denied and excluded from representation in the Legislature to all intents and purposes.

The committee having occasion to also consider the acts of the Legislature of May 3, and June 28, 1893, dividing the State into Senatorial and Representative districts, and also the act of March 11, 1893, dividing the State into Congressional districts, found that they were each and all grossly unfair and violative of the State or Federal law governing the subject.

As evidence that we are not mistaken in our views on this matter we attach hereto tables showing a number of Senatorial and Representative districts taken from the various acts as well as all the Congressional districts under the act of 1893.

These figures taken from the acts and the census of the State speak more eloquently and strongly than anything your committee can say on the subject, and need but little comment at our hands.

That we have a remedy against the violation of the supreme law of the State and the United States manifested in these various acts of the Legislature seems to be too clear for dispute or argument.

The courts of the country have not regarded apportionment acts as exceptions to the rule that Legislatures are bound by constitutional limitations in the enactment of laws, and that if they disregard them it is the function of the courts to so declare: McPherson vs. Blacker, 146 U. S. 1; Proxmy vs. Sover, 11 Kansas 235; State vs. Van Dusen, 24 Neb. 536; State vs. Campbell, 48 Ohio 435; State vs. Murphy, 24 Florida 29; People vs. Thompson, 155 Illinois 451; Parker vs. State, 133 Indiana 178; State vs. Cunningham, 81 Wisconsin 1; Giddings vs. Blacker, 93 Michigan 1; Morris vs. Wrightson, 56 New Jersey Law, 126; People vs. Rice, 135 New York, 472; People vs. Van Bokkelen, 73 North Carolina 198.

The courts of New York, New Jersey, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and North Carolina have set aside and declared void apportionment acts, and in all the States that have so far had occasion to pass upon the validity of such laws, the courts have not failed to assert their right and power to decide them valid or invalid as the facts in the particular case required the court to determine.

We have found in none of the acts that have been contested and held invalid in our sister States anything more grossly unfair and violative of the rights of the citizens to participate, upon equal terms, in the affairs of his State government, than the acts of our own Legislature that we propose to test in the courts.

At the last election for President in our State the Republican party cast more than 47 per cent of the total vote cast, and the Democratic party a fraction under 50 per cent. If the Assembly districts were fairly divided in accordance with the vote thus cast, the Republicans would have sixty-five members of the Legislature instead of thirty-two now held by them.

The committee, after a careful consideration of the law and the facts, have agreed that it is the duty of our people to contest the acts of the General Assembly of May 3, 1893; June 28, 1893; March 11, 1893, and the act of March, 1906, and we have the utmost confidence that with the proper effort each and all of these alleged laws will be set aside and held for naught, and that the Legislature will be reconstituted and laws more in accordance with justice, right and the Constitution will be enacted.

We deem it prudent that various suits be filed against each act and in every form and manner that such suits have been filed in our sister States, so that there can be no question that some of the number are properly brought, and will, therefore, have to be decided upon their merits.

We have secured eminent counsel to take charge of the litigation in behalf of the people, and it will require considerable money to pay the expenses of these various suits, give our chosen counsel a moderate fee for their services and the actual expense incurred by the committee in prosecuting the contests in the courts. The committee is serving without salary or hope of any financial reward for its services in the matter.

This is not a party matter, as it strikes at the very root of the principle of self-government, and the equal right of all citizens, under the law, to participate through their representatives in the enactment of their laws.

All men, irrespective of party affiliations, are asked to take an interest in this contest for the preservation of the rights of the people, and to aid us both with voice, pen and purse in our efforts to assert and maintain the constitutional rights of Kentuckians.

According to the census of 1900 the State of Kentucky had a population of 2,147,174, which made the average Representative district 21,471. By House Bill No. 216, which became a law at the last regular session of the Legislature, twenty-four of the one hundred districts so created have a population and area as follows:

District.	County.	Population.	Area.
29	Spencer	7,407	204
25	Volfe	8,754	239
29	Hancock	9,814	195
41	Bullitt	9,692	301
57	Anderson	10,051	224
30	Meade	10,533	304
32	Larue	10,754	259
78	Boone	11,170	242
21	Simpson	11,224	190
63	Jessamine	11,925	160
67	Garrard	12,042	234
85	Bracken	12,137	193

12 12 counties 124,933 2,785

These counties are hardly entitled to six, but are given twelve Representatives.

Average 1 county to district.	Pop.	Area.
100 Elliott and Carter	30,415	770
88 Fleming and Bath	31,508	583
8 Graves	32,204	550
89 Lewis and Greenup	33,200	794
71 Jackson, Owsley, Perry and Letcher	34,853	1,240
97 Floyd, Knott and Magoffin	36,392	1,073
10 Christian	37,962	634
58 Boyd and Lawrence	38,446	608
95 Pike, Johnson and Martin	42,196	1,250
69 Whitley and Knox	42,287	829
70 Laurel, Rockcastle, Clay and Leslie	52,125	1,610
26 Ohio, Butler and Edmonson	53,263	1,241

12 29 counties 466,451 11,204

Average 2.41 counties 38,571 942

These counties are entitled to twenty-two but are given twelve representatives.

Pop.	Area.
10,411	232
30,415	770
31,508	583
32,204	550
33,200	794
34,853	1,240
36,392	1,073
37,962	634
38,446	608
42,196	1,250
42,287	829
52,125	1,610
53,263	1,241

The first group have a population and area as follows:

Pop.	Area.
124,933	2,785
466,451	11,204
38,571	942

Difference 341,518 8,519

Spencer county, with a population of 7,407 and an area of 204 square miles, is given one representative, while Ohio, Butler and Edmonson, with a combined population of 53,263 and an area of 1,241 square miles, is given only one representative:

District.	County.	Pop.	Area.
29	Spencer	7,407	204
26	Ohio-Butler-Edmonson	53,263	1,241

Difference 45,856 1,037

The Twenty-sixth district is more than seven times as large in population as the Ninety-ninth, the difference being more than enough to constitute two average districts. By this arrangement one citizen of Spencer county has nearly as much voice in the legislature as eight citizens of Ohio, Butler and Edmonson.

According to the census of 1890 the State of Kentucky had a population of 1,553,635, which made the average Representative district 15,536. By the act of the General Assembly of May 3, 1893, twenty-four of the districts so created had a population and area as follows, to-wit:

District.	County.	Pop.	Area.
29	Hancock	9,214	195
32	Larue	9,433	259
30	Meade	9,454	304
17	McLean	9,587	223
57	Anderson	10,610	224
21	Simpson	10,857	190
67	Garrard	11,138	234
63	Jessamine	11,248	160
78	Greenup	11,911	242
70	Boone	12,166	242
85	Bracken	12,369	193
59	Woodford	12,380	228

12 12 counties 130,788 2,840

Average 1 county 10,899 238

According to the census of 1900 these same districts had the following population, to-wit:

District.	County.	Population.
29	Hancock	8,944
32	Larue	10,754
30	Meade	10,533
17	McLean	10,754
57	Anderson	10,051
21	Simpson	11,224
67	Garrard	12,042
63	Jessamine	11,925
78	Greenup	11,432
70	Boone	11,170
85	Bracken	12,137
59	Woodford	13,134

12 12 counties 140,174

Or a gain of 9,386 in ten years.

District.	County.	Population.
70	Laurel-Rockcastle	30,003
97	Knott-Floyd-Letcher	33,428
92	Breathitt-Lee-Magoffin	34,316
63	Pulaski	31,293
100	Carter-Elliott	30,615
71	Clay-Jackson-Owsley	32,739
93	Bell-Harlan-Perry-Leaile	40,568
3	Graves	33,204
13	Henderson	32,907
69	Whitley-Knox	42,287
98	Boyd-Lawrence	38,446
10	Christian	37,962

12 25 counties 417,933

Or a gain of \$5,640, and giving to each of these districts an average population of 34,828, as against a present population of 11,881 for the other twelve districts.

The first group in 1890 had a population of 130,788

The second group in 1890 had a population of 332,293

The difference between the two groups of twelve districts each is 201,505

The first group in 1900 had a population of 140,174

The second group had by the same census 417,933

The difference between the two groups of twelve districts each is 277,759

By the act of May 3, 1893, Warren county, with a population of 30,158, according to the census of 1890, and an area of 694 square miles, was given two members of the Legislature, and divided into two legislative districts—Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth.

According to the census of 1900 Warren county had a population of 39,970, and by House Bill No. 216 is given two members of the Legislature, being divided into districts—Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, as in the act of 1893.

By the act of May 3, 1893, Christian county, with a population of 34,188, according to the census of 1890, and an area of 694 square miles, was given one member of the Legislature; and by House Bill No. 216 is only allowed one member, although according to the census of 1900 it had a population of 37,962, or an excess of 3,792 over Warren, and 166 square miles greater territory.

Graves county is larger in area and was larger in population both in 1890 and in 1900 than Warren, but is only given one Representative under the acts of 1893 and March, 1906.

Congressional Districts.

It is provided by act of Congress "That in each State entitled under this apportionment, the number of members of such State may be entitled in the Fifty-eighth and each subsequent Congress shall be elected by districts composed of contiguous and compact territory and containing as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants. The said districts shall be equal to the number of the Representatives to which such State may be entitled in Congress, no one district electing more than one Representative."

—United States Compiled Statutes, Vol. 1, Chapter II, § 1, page 10, from act of Congress of January 16, 1901.

To show how flagrantly unfair and unjust is the gerrymandering of Kentucky into Congressional districts, and how far the present state law violates both the letter and the spirit of the Federal law, it is only necessary to set forth the facts and to examine a map of the Congressional districts of our State. The map shows that the districts are not compact and are made in all kinds of shapes and formations in the effort to make ten out of the eleven districts Democratic, as they were at the time the districts were created.

That the people may see the justice of our condemnation of the present gerrymandering of the State, we will submit the apportionment of the State into Congressional districts as made by the act of the General Assembly of March 11, 1893, under which each district should have, according to the census of 1890, an average population of 168,966, as nearly as may be, as follows:

First District.

Ballard, Caldwell, Caloway, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken and Tripp, having 179,590 inhabitants, or an excess of 1,624.

Second District.

Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster, having 174,905 inhabitants, or an excess of 5,839.

Third District.

Allen, Butler, Barron, Edmonson, Logan, Metcalf, Muhlenburg, Simpson, Todd and Warren, having 166,631 inhabitants, or a deficit of 2,335.

Fourth District.

Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Hart, Larue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor and Washington, with 192,064 inhabitants, or an excess of 23,098.

Fifth District.

Jefferson, with 183,598 inhabitants, or an excess of 14,632.

Sixth District.

Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble, with 169,649 inhabitants, or a deficit of 8,317.

Seventh District.

Boonhoun, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford, with 141,461 inhabitants, or a deficit of 27,505.

Eighth District.

Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Meigs, Rockcastle, Shelby and Spencer, with 134,519 inhabitants, or a deficit of 34,456.

Ninth District.

Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lawrence, Lewis, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan, with 176,177 inhabitants, or an excess of 7,211.

Tenth District.

Breathitt, Clark, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Martin, Magoffin, Menifee, Montgomery, Morgan, Pike, Powell and Wolfe, with 149,068 inhabitants, or a deficit of 19,898.

Eleventh District.

Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Cumberland, Harlan, Knox, Lecher, Leslie, Laurel, Monroe, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne, Whitley and Jackson, with 213,282 inhabitants, or an excess of 44,316.

The Eleventh district had in 1890 71,821 more inhabitants than the Seventh district and 78,772 more than the Eighth district.

According to the census of 1900 the Congressional districts should have an average population of 168,966. The table given below shows that the discrimination is even greater according to the 1900 census than that of 1890:

First district, population 201,866, or an excess of 6,768.

Second district, population 203,336, or an excess of 8,238.

Third district, population 179,518, or a deficit of 15,580.

Fourth district, population 210,314, or an excess of 15,216.

Fifth district, population 232,549, or an excess of 37,451.

Sixth district, population 179,430, or a deficit of 15,608.

Seventh district, population 151,473, or a deficit of 43,625.

Eighth district, population 142,103, or a deficit of 51,863.

Ninth district, population 200,064, or a deficit of 4,966.

Tenth district, population 187,169, or a deficit of 7,929.

Eleventh district, population 257,582, or an excess of 62,484.

The Eleventh district had in 1900 106,109 more inhabitants than the Seventh district, and 114,473 more than the Eighth district; the Seventh and Eighth combined having only 37,364 more than the Eleventh.

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A SILLY FOOL

One evening last week I was sitting in my room at the boarding house smoking my second best pipe and thinking of nothing when the door was banged open and my chum, Bill Morse, flung himself into the room, slammed his valise on the floor, threw his hat on the bed and, cursing himself as the greatest fool alive, dropped into a chair.

For two weeks I had been envying that fellow. Engaged to a pretty girl, who had not made the common mistake of being born of poor parents, he had gone to pass a whole month's vacation in the same Connecticut village where his sweetheart and her mother were staying.

I was too surprised to do more than stare at Bill in astonishment.

"This morning," said he, "Alice and some of her girl friends started up the mountain for a hen picnic—Mount Riga, the people in Salisbury call it. I wish it was a big hole in the ground. About 10 I decided to take a walk and accidentally meet them. I took a roundabout way, because there was sure to be more or less giggling when I made my appearance, no matter how nicely it was managed."

Here Bill helped himself to my first best pipe and heaped a few more blessings on his head.

"Well," said he after a few strong pulls at the pipe, "I soon reached a cursed little hill which sat up against the mountain like a pimple beside a mammoth wart, and perched on the side of the measly bunch of dirt was an enormous rock—left there by a glacier, I suppose. The day it was dropped there was cold, but the day Bill Morse found it was still colder. Climbing up to the lower side and leaning back against it, I took a look around. Just then some one set off a blast or they began cannonading off Mount St. Nicholas. Anyway the jar seemed to shake the hill, and that stone moved. I braced myself against it instinctively. The motion stopped, and then came one of those flashes of intelligence for which I am famous, as you know, old man."

"You have seen a schoolteacher take his class into the yard and demonstrate that one boy can keep a ladder upright by looking out for the center of gravity, etc., and that it takes them all to stop its falling when you let it tip. Oh, I knew all about it! Bill Morse knew. If I let that stone get started, it would crush me, for it was so broad I could not spring out of the way. I bored one shoulder into the double dyed thing and finally twisted round so as to face it, worked my way to the edge, the cold sweat standing all over me, and jumped clear. Things were dark for a moment, but I soon straightened out and looked to see where the rock had fallen. It hadn't budged."

I was going to ask Bill if he was angry, but he had jumped up and was kicking his valise around the room, and I thought it was unnecessary.

"Bob," he cried between the kicks, "words are poor things. I agree with the man who said language was intended to conceal your real thoughts."

After a few more kicks and a fresh pipeful Bill resumed: "I rushed round to the top of that infernal rock, determined to push it over if it didn't intend to take a drop itself. I moved it about an inch, and to do more than that would require all of the king's horses. Oh, but Solomon was a wise one! He said all men were fools. That stone, Bob, was a rocking stone. When I realized what it was, I wondered why Solomon had not mentioned me particularly. I began talking to the stone and was just beginning to do myself and that beastly chunk justice when that hen picnic came screaming down the mountain side. They had seen the whole circus. Alice gasped out, 'Oh, W-Will, it's too fu-funny!' and then put her hand to her side and absolutely shrieked with laughter. I gave her one look and then told her a plain truth that I know she'll never forgive. Then I rushed back to the hotel, got my things, and here I am. It's all over. I'm a fool, and a wretched one, my boy."

I agreed with him, but didn't mention it. Then the light was turned out, and we turned in. I slept, but I don't think Bill did. He moaned around the house and ate precious little. The landlady was sure he ought to see a doctor. If I tried to cheer him up, he only scowled and cursed himself. Connecticut, the big hill, the little hill and everything except the girl—a mighty sensible girl, too, as you will see, for a few days after, as I was entering the house, out rushed Bill as happy a man as you would want to meet. He had received a note from Alice and was on his way to see her. This is what she said:

Dear Will—We reached home today. I told mother I simply would not stay there another hour when I found you were not coming back. Do come and see me and bring your forgiveness with you. I know I was just what you said, "a blanked silly fool," for laughing so, and if you had not been angry you would not have been a sure enough man, and I would not have cared a bit for you. As it is, I love you more than ever. Yours only, ALICE.

P. S.—It was too awful funny to see you save your precious life in that manner and then hammer that poor, helpless old stone.

In spite of the P. S. they are going to live happy ever after. —New York World.

Solid.
His Imperial Majesty—What's the matter with the last arrival? He's been in our hottest room now for twenty-four hours and hasn't thawed out yet.

Assistant Fireman—No, your majesty. You see, just before he left he took a winter's ride in an auto with his spring overcoat on.—Life Magazine.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Dandruff Lotion.
Put ten grains corrosive sublimate in five ounces distilled witch hazel. Shampoo the head well with the yolk of an egg beaten in a pint of warm water; no soap. Rinse in several waters, finishing with cold; dry, and at night apply the lotion with a medicine dropper—just a little on the scalp only. With a bit of absorbent cotton rub it in, but not hard, or it will irritate. Do this until the dandruff is entirely gone, which may take only a couple of bottles or perhaps half a dozen. Use the egg shampoo once a week. When the scalp is clean and the dandruff nearly cured have twenty grains of guanine and a tablespoonful of fine table salt dissolved in a pint of best bay rum and apply to the scalp twice a day. Do not brush much and only gently, but "pinch" the skin of the scalp with the fingers so it moves easily on the bone of the skull.

Salve For the Lips.
Get from the druggist half an ounce of spermaceti ointment, put this in a dish over hot water and add seven grains of alkanet, letting it stand in the heat until the ointment is a pretty rose color; strain through blotting paper or a bit of fine muslin and then stir in seven grains of balsam of Peru and two drops of oil of cloves, the latter to preserve and perfume the whole. Before adding the clove oil let the whole settle, pour from the dregs and then put in the oil.

For the Eyes.
Vaseline is one of the very best things for improving the growth of both the eyelashes and brows, but, perhaps it costs so little, few try it. In the first place, it is one of the Tew applications that helps the eyes. If the lids are inflamed and sore, vaseline reduces the inflammation; if the eyes are tired, hot water baths, followed by a speck of vaseline, helps to rest and restore them.

For Moist Hands.
The following lotion will prove very beneficial when the hands perspire too freely and become uncomfortable in consequence. Take ten grains of tannic acid, half an ounce of simple tincture of benzoin, two ounces of elderflower water and three ounces of rose water. This mixture should be used on the hands, and the result will be that they will remain fresh and cool.

Holds Sewing Articles.
A Massachusetts inventor has devised a sewing cabinet which should be of interest to every woman. It comprises a holder for spools, pins and needles and other small articles used in sewing. Mounted upon a circular base are two circular stands, the upper one be-



ing the smaller of the two. Arranged around each of the steps thus formed are a number of upright studs for supporting spools of silk and cotton. Secured to the top is a handle for lifting and moving the holder. Besides the spools, cushions for pins and needles are also attached to the base. A further addition is a drawer for odds and ends, which is placed in the lower stand. When not in use the holder is laced in a cover, which prevents dust from gathering on the articles within.

Sachet Powder.
Mix one ounce of powdered gum benzoin, a quarter of an ounce of dried orange blossoms, three-quarters of an ounce of powdered cassia (not cassia), two ounces of dried rose petals, four ounces of powdered orris root and five grains each of oil of verbena and of bitter almonds. Mix well, working in the oils, and then put through a fine wire sieve.

The Kitchen Sink.
There is nothing quite so good to clean a kitchen sink as hot water with ammonia. Add a tablespoonful to each quart of water and scrub well. Dissolve a pound of sulphate of iron in four gallons of water, put into pint bottles and pour the contents of one down the sink hole every once or twice a week. This dissolves collections and entirely destroys offensive odors.

Soap For Carpets.
A homemade carpet soap is made by using one-half ounce finely cut up soap, one-half pint boiling water, one tablespoon ammonia, a small lump of soda. The carpet should be brushed with a nailbrush or soft scrubbing brush dipped in this mixture, then well rinsed with a cloth wrung out of warm water and dried with a clean dry cloth.

Care of the Teeth.
Tooth powder containing camphor sometimes causes the enamel of the teeth to crack, and therefore it is better avoided, since the cracking of the enamel means the first stage in the decay of the teeth.

FOR THE CHILDREN

The Game of Flop.
Did you ever play "Flop"? Well, if not, try it. You will find it one of the jolliest little games you ever participated in. Invite your friends—about a dozen of them—to spend an hour with you on the lawn. Place your chairs, one for each guest, in a circle, allowing the backs to be outside, thus letting the guests face the inside of the ring. Have all the guests but one take the seats. The unseated guest, boy or girl, will be asked to take up his or her position inside the circle. When all is in readiness the game is begun by the hostess crying "Flop!" whereupon each seated guest "flops" to the chair to his right, the boy or girl in the center trying to take possession of the vacant chair during the movement. On account of the confusion which follows upon the signal "Flop" the standing one is at a disadvantage, for he cannot see the chair which is to be left vacant one time in half a dozen.

The "flopping" continues till he or she is seated, however, and then the boy or girl at his or her right takes the center of the circle, and the game begins again.

A Powerful Fish.
The power of a swordfish has always been admitted, and instances have not been altogether uncommon of his attacking vessels and burying his formidable weapon in them. A case occurred once which shows that the strength of the fish is even greater than was suspected.

A three masted schooner of Boston put into port lately. On her voyage from Mobile she was suddenly found to be taking in water fast. The crew were set to the pumps and found that they were able to keep down the water, but that steady work was required. The hands therefore shifted the cargo and at last found the hole, which was caused by the sword or horn of a swordfish. It had passed through the copper sheathing of the ship, through the outer planking, four and a half inches in thickness; through nine inches space between that and the lining and then through the inner planking, another four and a half inches thick.

The force required to send a blunt weapon like this through nine inches of solid wood must have been immense.

Mermaids and Mermen.
Nearly all nations have folklore and fairy tale accounts of mermaids and sometimes of mermen. Even the American Indians had their "woman fish" and "man fish." The Chinese tell stories about their sea women of the southern seas. Sometimes mermaids and mermen are represented as leaving the water and living with human beings, but more frequently they are pictured as being so attractive that they sometimes will lure human beings to destruction in the depths of the sea, declares a writer in St. Nicholas. These myths have been utilized by many poets and have even been used for stories "with a moral." Most encyclopedias and Baring-Gould's "Myths of the Middle Ages" give interesting histories of the myths and the extent to which they have been held by various nations.

Flower Meanings.
Anemone, fading hope.
Bachelors' button, hope in love.
Buttercup, riches.
Carnation, pride and beauty.
Daisy, beauty and innocence.
Everlasting, always remembered.
Forgetmenot, true love.
Harebell, grief.
Honeyflower, love sweet and secret.
Blue hyacinth, constancy.
Heliotrope, devotion.
Pansy, tender and pleasant thoughts.
Red tulip, declaration of love.
White water lily, purity of heart.

Lifting Power of a Squash.
A professor in one of the eastern colleges made a series of experiments a few years ago on the growing force of a squash. When it was eighteen days old and measured twenty-seven inches in circumference, he inclosed it in a sort of iron and wooden harness, with a long lever attached. The lever was weighted according to the growing power of the squash. Beginning with sixty pounds on the twentieth day of its existence, on the ninetieth day it lifted 5,000 pounds.

Not a Local Hero.
During a third grade recitation in a country school three came up something about the physical exercise. The teacher asked, "How many have heard of a gymnasiarch?"

"Jim who?" said one little girl.—Little Chronicle.

Fifteen Largest Cities in the World.
London, New York, Paris, Berlin, Chicago, Vienna, Canton, Tokyo, Philadelphia, St. Petersburg, Calcutta, Constantinople, Peking, Moscow and Buenos Ayres.

The Culprit.
"Who whistled in school?" 'Twas the voice of the master.
In tones so prophetic of certain disaster.
That each little boy and girl, ceasing from labor,
Looked somewhat suspicious at his or her neighbor.
But no one arose, and no hand was up-lifted.
"I never shall rest till this matter is sifted.
The culprit I'll speedily bring to confession
And make him ashamed of this awful transgression."
A silence profound reigned. Said timid Lorinda,
"Pleeth, thir, 'thwath an oriole outthide the window."
—Washington Star.

The SPORTING WORLD

Greatest Sprinter a Jap.
The prophets and soothsayers opine that Uncle Sam is not so swift after all. In fact, so far as the world's championship sprinting title is concerned, they say that Japan has every other nation "on the run." In the person of one Minori Fuzil, a student at the University of Tokyo, the foreign experts say they have the greatest short distance runner that ever toed a line.

Fuzil's record for a hundred yards is 9 36-100 seconds. His time is faster



MINORI FUZIL.

than the best time of any American. The Japanese athlete ran really a hundred meters, a distance equal to a little more than a hundred yards, because the meter is the Japanese standard of measurement. His time for a hundred meters was 10 24-100 seconds, the equivalent of 9 36-100 seconds for a hundred yards.

Fuzil is a strongly built and well proportioned man. He is twenty-five years old, five feet seven and a half inches tall and weighs about 160 pounds. As a pole vaulter he has shown great athletic skill, vaulting with a bamboo pole over a cord, without touching the cord, at the height of 3.66 meters, or 12 feet and 94-100 inches. This vault won him the Japanese record.

Nothing to Tempt Jeff Yet.
The Burns-O'Brien battle at Los Angeles did nothing toward reviving talk of a return to the ring on the part of James J. Jeffries, the general opinion being that either O'Brien or Burns would be as a child in the hands of the big farmer.
"I hanker after just one more battle," said the big fellow recently, "but the man I fight will have to be a good one. I don't like the looks of the present heavyweights. They are not big enough. I don't need the money. All I want to do is to battle for the glory of America. No foreigner can take the title away from America without a fight as long as I can help it. Of course if I get too old I will have sense enough to keep out of the ring."

Wants Baseball Talent Divided.
Senator C. W. Pendleton of Los Angeles, president of the Angel City Baseball club and vice president of the Pacific Coast Baseball association, is in consultation with J. Cal Ewing of the San Francisco Baseball club and Edward W. Walter, president of the Oakland club, with the ostensible purpose of making plans for the 1907 season. The really important business, however, is reported to be the proposition of securing an equalization of players, so that the good men may be so divided around the league that different clubs may get an equal apportionment of the players.

Will Not Quit Nolan.
There is no immediate danger of Battling Nelson splitting out with his manager, Billy Nolan, says a Chicago authority. The "durable Dane" said recently that he will stick to Nolan just as long as his manager continues to show him that he is "on the square."
"I have seen all these stories about Tex Rickard and what his plans are to bar me unless I quit Nolan," Bat said. "You can be sure that as long as Billy shows me that he is attending to my business in a satisfactory manner to me I will continue to allow him to handle me."

Broke Both Legs at Polo.
Horton Titus, son of Harry L. Titus and a member of the Coronado (Cal.) polo team, was seriously injured recently while racing with another rider at the Coronado polo grounds. Titus was in the lead when his pony shied, and he was thrown, breaking both legs. The right leg was broken above the knee and the left below the knee.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

The Colored Soldier's Champion.
Senator Joseph Benson Foraker of Ohio, sometimes called "Fire Alarm," who has taken up the cudgels in defense of the discharged colored soldiers, has himself seen service as a private in the army of Uncle Sam. He is now serving his second term as a senator and has twice been governor of Ohio. Referring to the action of the president in sending to Texas to secure



JOSEPH B. FORAKER.

further evidence against the colored men, a congressional friend of the senator's said the other day:

"It reminds me of an incident that happened when Senator Foraker was governor of Ohio."

"The Charleston earthquake happened then. Governor Foraker read of it in the papers and instantly wired to the mayor of Charleston, 'Do you need tents?' The mayor replied emphatically that he did. Thereupon Foraker called up the adjutant general of the Ohio national guard and ordered him to ship to Charleston all the tents he could lay his hands on."

"But, governor," said the adjutant general, "hadn't we better look up the law first and find out if it is legal to send the national guard tents out of the state?"

"Sure," replied Foraker. "Look up the law by all means, but don't do it until after you have sent the tents."

"The view which the president takes of the evidence seems to be a good deal like the view which Foraker then took of the law."

Without Regret.
Private John Allea blew into the lobby of the house of representatives and met Speaker Cannon.

"Howdy, Joe?" he said.

"Howdy, John?"

"You are not as young as you used to be, Joe, but you are well preserved."

"Not as well preserved as you are, John, but I'm not complaining."

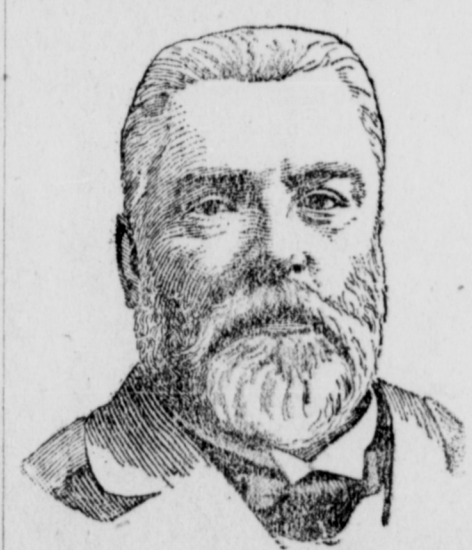
"I should think not," said the private, looking the speaker over. "Even a man in your affluent circumstances has no right to complain when he has just had his salary raised \$4,000 a year."

"John," replied the speaker impressively as he placed his hand on the private's shoulder, "John, the true Christian soldier takes what is coming to him without murmur or regret."

The Speaker's Eye.
Congressman Frank O. Lowden, who succeeds Robert R. Hitt, says he is getting along nicely in Washington. "I can find my way now," he says, "from my hotel to the capital without the aid of a guide, and I can also make my way around the building very well. I have been told that about the hardest thing to locate in Washington is the speaker's eye. They tell me that if I can once get a line on that my future will be assured."

Nebogtoff's Sentence.
Admiral Nikolai Nebogtoff, the Russian admiral who was sentenced to death for surrendering his ships in the battle of the Sea of Japan, was not convicted because of cowardice.

Nebogtoff's sentence, according to the evidence of impartial witnesses, was an act of humanity. He could have gone down with flags flying and



ADMIRAL NEBOGTOFF.

hands playing and sacrificed the lives of a thousand men for sentiment, but he preferred to take the practical view and accept the inevitable.

When he did so, however, he knew, as every Russian officer knows, the rule of his service that an officer who surrenders a Russian fortress or a Russian ship forfeits his life by the act. Extenuating facts or circumstances have nothing to do with the case and are not pleadable at the court martial. The act of surrender is a forfeiture of the officer's life.

The enforcement of this rule in most cases is not observed. It is merely made an occasion for the czar to display his clemency by returning to the officer the life he has forfeited to his country. It will presumably be so with Nebogtoff.

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Feeding the Brood Sows.
Brood sows should be fed differently from those animals intended for fattening purposes, says Professor Kennedy of the Iowa station. Corn, while an excellent feed for fattening hogs, should be used in very moderate amounts for breeding animals. It should not form more than one-third of the ration. This is due to the fact that corn is a fat and heat producing feed. The ration of the brood sow should be of a nitrogenous nature, so as to have a cooling effect upon the system. Sows which have an abundance of exercise can withstand more corn feeding than those that are confined to the pens. A ration of shorts and oats or some gluten feed or any other feed stuff which is fairly rich in nitrogen will give good results.

Probably one of the best rations will be a mixture of one part corn, one part shorts and one part oats. In some instances bran is used instead of shorts for feeding of brood sows, especially where mature animals are kept for breeding purposes. Oil meal, while used to a considerable extent for breeding stock and for fattening hogs, must be fed with great care to the brood sow, especially near farrowing time. It has been known to cause abortion when fed in considerable quantities shortly before farrowing time.

Windgalls on Horses.
Windgalls are often seen in young, overgrown horses, where the body seems to have outgrown the ability of the joints to sustain the weight. In cart and other horses used to hard work, in trotters with excessive knee action and in most cow ponies there is a predisposition to windgalls. Street car horses and others used to start heavy loads on slippery streets are the ones most apt to develop windgalls in the hind legs.

The tumor is more or less firm and tense when the foot is on the ground, but is soft and compressible when the foot is off the ground. In old horses windgalls generally develop slowly and cause no inconvenience. If they are caused by excessive tension of the joint, the tumor develops rapidly, is tense, hot and painful, and the animal is exceedingly lame.—Bureau of Animal Industry Bulletin.

Sheep Shedding Wool.
Overheating in any way will cause wool to come off. For instance, if sheep get too much corn, especially if they have had none before, it will cause a fever which, though it may not kill the sheep, will cause them to lose their wool.

Sheep will, of course, pull and rub the wool off in spots if bothered with ticks or lice, but this only affects the bunches pulled or rubbed off and does not loosen the rest of the fleece. Where wool is shed from any other cause than scrub it will grow again, but in case of scrub it never does.—Farm Progress.

Bran and Oil Meal For Horses.
An Illinois stockman who has had much experience in feeding horses and cattle says: "I consider oats and corn, with bran and oilmeal, the best farm feeds for horses and cattle and ground corn, with bran and oilmeal, the best for beef cattle. I use silage and mixed feed twice a day and do not feed corn fodder. I grow Reid's yellow corn, which averages about forty bushels per acre. I cut thirty-five acres each year and use the corn harvester. I have twenty-five Shire horses and 100 Hereford cattle."

Poultry Notes.
The best time to take care of poultry is all the time.

Like produces like in mating fowls as well as in planting seed.

A medium sized dressed fowl of any kind sells best in market.

Feeding heavily on whole corn has a tendency to induce hens to become broody.

Eggs that are soiled should be cleaned when gathered, as it can be done better than at any other time.

Age For Breeding Jerseys.
A well known Jersey breeder says that one mistake many farmers make is in breeding Jersey heifers too young. A better way is to let them get their growth, at least three years. Keep them in a separate lot, if necessary, after they are eighteen months old. If permitted to bring calves before they have their growth they make small cows and yield less milk. The calves also are smaller, as a rule.

Feeding Dairy Cattle.
The best dairymen are now using both winter and summer silos. At the Ontario experiment farm they feed only twice a day—a succulent ration, with meal and clover hay an hour and a half afterward, in the morning, and at 3:30 p. m. the same ration, with long hay. They estimate that a cow should receive a pound of meal for every five pounds of milk she gives.

Winter Pig Food.
Potatoes that are too small to market may be used to advantage as a food for young pigs. Many farmers consider it no loss to have from 2 to 3 per cent of their potato crop too small for commercial use, as it gives them such a good winter pig food.

The Duck as an Egg Layer.
The duck, with good treatment, will average about four eggs a week from Feb. 1 to about the last of June, when there will be a gradual decline until the last of July, when the season ends.

Oats For Poultry.
Fattened oats are one of the best bone and muscle producing foods that can be fed to poultry. Whatever other grains are fed, oats should predominate.

OUR GREAT JANUARY EMBROIDERY SALE

**ALSO, BIG CLEARANCE SALE IN EVERY
DEPARTMENT, BEGINNING
THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 10**

At Eight O'clock and Continue Throughout the Month of January.

FIVE THOUSAND YARDS, and over two hundred styles of pretty Nainsook Skirtings, Corset Covers, Edges and Novelty Bands, also, pretty Swiss matched sets of novel effects. Without question they are the greatest values ever offered to our good people of Hartford and Ohio county. We want every woman in the county to see these values in Embroideries. Don't take our word but come and see the goods and prices. Had we not purchased these goods early last spring we could not think of offering these beautiful patterns at the price we are offering them now, owing to the great advance in all Cotton Fabrics. Now is the time for you to buy your Embroideries, Then you have plenty of time to plan and make them up before the rush is on and before the warm summer days are here. We again invite you to visit us during this great sale and you will find everything just as we have advertised.

Clearance Sale of Gents' Furnishings.

Men's Fine Hats, different styles and colors. Regular price \$2.25; Clearance sale price \$1.88.
Men's Fancy Shirts, extra quality, regular price \$1; Clearance sale price 87½c.
Men's up-to-date Four-in-Hand Ties, beautiful patterns, regular price 75c; Clearance sale price 59c.
The latest Patent Leather, Gunmetal, Vici Kid, Velour and Box Calf Shoes for men, regular \$3.50, \$4 and \$4.50 values; Clearance sale price \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.

Clearance Sale of Hosiery And Underwear.

Men's heavy Fleeced Underwear, 50c values; clearance sale price, 39c.
Boy's heavy Fleeced Underwear, 25c; clearance sale price, 19c.
Women's cotton fine finished fleeced Union Suits and Vests, regular price, \$1; clearance sale price, 82½c.
Women's fleeced cotton Vests, Pants and Union Suits, regular price, 25c; clearance sale price, 20c.
Women's, Misses and Boys' Hose, 15c values; clearance sale price, 9c.

Clearance Sale of Silks and Woolen Dress Goods.

54-Inch Black Serge. Regular price \$1.25; Clearance sale price 98c.
Black silk finish Mohair, our \$1.25 quality, 44 inches wide, extra special Clearance sale price 98c.
Fine Wool Broad Cloth, black, sold at \$1.25 per yard, 54 inches wide; Clearance sale price 98c.
52-Inch Broadcloth. Colors, Navy, Brown and Black. Regular price \$1, Clearance sale price 82½c.
Yard-wide Taffeta Silks, colors Black, Navy, Garnet and Cream, regular price \$1.25; Clearance sale price 98c.

Clearance Sale of Ladies And Misses' Cloaks.

Most every style wanted. Pretty checks, Plain and solid colors. Clearance sale price will be nearly one half off the regular price. We have too many of these to mention each price.

150 Pair of Shoes displayed on tables, good shapes, good stock; don't fail to see them. Clearance sale price less than the wholesale price.

200 Men and Boys' Suits, right up-to-date, regular \$7.50, \$10 and \$12.50; Clearance sale price \$5.50, \$7.89 and \$9.98.

Extra Specials.

A good assortment of the best brands of Prints, clearance sale price, 5c.
A big lot of Remnants in Woolens and Silks. Get our prices on these remnants.
Pretty patterns in Biege and Henley Serge Suitings at clearance sale prices.

Extra Specials.

One lot 'all-wool 10-quarter Blankets, regular price would be \$4.50; clearance sale price, \$3.68.
Neat and Fancy Patterns in Outing Cloth, 15c and 20c value; clearance sale price, 11½c.
Pretty Patterns and good weight outings, regular 12½c value; clearance sale price, 9c.
A big lot of Dress Gingham, regular 10c and 12½c value; clearance sale price, 9c.

Extra Specials.

52-inch Mohair, black, brown and green pretty silky finish, regular 75c values; clearance sale price, 49c.
Fine Satin Finish Table Linens, 64-inches wide, pretty wheat patterns, regular 75c value; clearance sale price 49c. Napkins to match.
72-inches wide all pure Linen, plain finish makes handsome table linens, dresser scarfs, pretty with drawn work, regular 150 value; clearance sale price, 98c.

We wish to thank our customers and friends for their liberal patronage for the year 1906, and wish a continuance of same through this new year, 1907. Wishing everyone a happy and prosperous New Year, we are yours for new and up-to-date Merchandise at rock bottom prices.

LONG & COMPANY'S
ECONOMY STORE, **HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.**

PEARL'S PANTIORIUM.

It being between seasons you will not care to purchase a new suit, and yet, your old one may be looking shabby. Do not worry, but keep yourself looking nice by bringing them to

PEARL'S PANTIORIUM AND HAVE THEM PUT IN ORDER.

Suits Pressed and Cleaned . 75c	Suits Scoured \$1.25
Coats Pressed and Cleaned . 40c	Coat and Vest Scoured . . 75c
Coat and Vest Pressed and Cleaned 50c	Pants Scoured 65c
Pants Pressed and Cleaned . 35c	Overcoats Pressed and Cleaned 75c to \$1.25
Suits Pressed 40c	Overcoats Scour- ed \$1.25 to \$1.75
Coat and Vest Pressed . . 25c	Overcoats Pressed, 50c and 75c
Pants Pressed 15c	

P. D. TWEDDELL, - Manager.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Of Hartford.

Capital Stock, \$25,000
Surplus & Profits, \$12,500

Will loan money from 1 day
to 12 months. This is your
Bank. Come in.

DIRECTORS.

GABE LKENS, ALVIN ROWE,
BURCH FELIX, JIM POLK
STEVENS, WAYNE GRIFFIN.



28 YEARS

Of Honest Business Repu-
tation is Back of Every
MONUMENT
Sold By Us.



Geo. Mischel & Sons, Props.

Owensboro Monumental Works,

412-414 E. Main St. Yards 214-216-218 Clay St.

OWENBORO, - KENTUCKY.

Get Our Prices and We Guarantee to Save You
Money on All Good Honest Work.

THE KENTUCKY Light and Power Co.

WILL WIRE YOUR HOUSE AT COST.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS ARE CLEAN,
HEALTHY AND SAFE. NO HOME
OR BUSINESS HOUSE SHOULD
BE WITHOUT THEM, WHEN IN
REACH.

M. L. HEAVRIN, - Manager.

TAKE THE REPUBLICAN.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

Story of the Late Sir Henry Irving and
His Experience as a Barnstormer.

During his last American tour
the late Sir Henry Irving told the
following story on himself one even-
ing at the Players' club:

"My barnstorming days seem very
distant, and yet very dear to me
now. I recall with particular pleas-
ure a melodrama of crime in high
life wherewith I barnstormed the
provinces for two successful sea-
sons.

"My part called in the first act
for a dark stage. In this darkness
I fought with an old earl, threw him
heavily, and when he did not rise
after the loud thud of his fall I
cried out:

"Great heavens! What have I
done?"

"Usually this scene impressed and
moved my audience tremendously,
but I remember one night in Bir-
mingham when a coster with one
little witticism turned my outcry
and the darkness and the old earl's
tragic fall into ridicule and laugh-
ter. I have never seen that coster,
but I remember his voice well. It
was a slow, dry voice, like Mark
Twain's, and it manifested itself
just after the fall of my aged and
noble antagonist. The old earl had
dropped heavily, and in the silent
obscurity I had cried: 'Great heav-
ens! What have I done?' when the
coster spoke up:

"Strike a match, young fellow,
and we'll have a look."

Why They Married.



The bull-he liked to blow his horns.
For he was wondrous proud.
One day he caught a counter blow,
And now he's fairly cowed.
—Harvard Lampoon.

A Permanent Mystery.

"Is it true that Rockefeller has
more money than it would ever be
possible for him to spend?" asked
the man who likes statistics.

"That is one of the things that
will always remain mysteries. He
will never try the experiment."—
Washington Star.

Saying and Doing.

Mrs. Nagget—For gracious sake,
I do wish you'd improve! That's a
very vulgar habit of yours, forever
saying "Gad!"

Mr. Nagget—Yes, so different
from your habit. You don't say it,
but you're forever doing it.—Phila-
delphia Press.

In Sympathy.

Eva—Gracious, Katharine, you
are going through that novel at the
rate of a mile a minute. Don't read
so fast!

Katharine—I have to, dear. The
hero and heroine are in an automo-
bile.—Detroit Tribune.

Not Improbable.

"All I lack," said the would be
poet, "is the power of expression.
There's poetry in me, and I mean
to bring it out before I die."

"Perhaps," replied the cynic, "it'll
kill you before you get it out of
your system."—Puck.

All Pleased.

"I hear your club is going to give
an entertainment. Do you think it
will be a success?"

"Sure to be! We've arranged it
so that every member is chairman
of some committee or other."—
Philadelphia Ledger.

Not Alarming.

"I can't make anything out of
that case," began the young doctor.
"What?" exclaimed his wife.

"Oh, don't be scared. I mean I
don't understand it. Of course I'm
making money out of it."—Phila-
delphia Press.

The Black Hand.

"You say you had an experience
with the 'black hand' while in New
York?"

"Yes, and a terrible experience it
was. I had three aces, and the other
man had five clubs."—Washing-
ton Star.

The Point of View.

Old Neighbor—So you liked the
old home well enough to come back
and die here?

Wanderer—Yes. You see, there's
no place on earth I would so willing-
ly leave.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Not Hasty In Judgment.

Poulterer—Was that a good
chicken I sold you last Saturday?

Customer—I don't know. We
couldn't bite far enough into it to
catch the flavor.—Judge.

ALL OVER THE HOUSE.

Instructions For Laundering Silk and
Embroidered Articles.

Articles made of silk or white
goods embroidered in silk should
always be washed in tepid water;
with some good plain white or cas-
tile soap. A little borax may be
used, but there should be no am-
monia in the water unless the silk
is naturally ecru in color.

The silk garments are allowed to
stand from twenty minutes to half
an hour in a suds of tepid water to
which has been added one teaspoon-
ful of borax dissolved in a quart of
boiling water. They are then wash-
ed with the hands, rinsed in two
waters, put through the wringer
and hung out to dry. When about
half dried they should be taken in
and spread on a sheet and rolled up.
They may be pressed in an hour or
so. The iron should be rather cool,
and there should be a clean cloth
or piece of manilla paper between
the iron and the silk.

The Kitchen Range.

If a range is carefully wiped with
brown paper after cooking greasy
food, it can be kept bright with lit-
tle difficulty. Stoves and ranges
should be kept free from soot in
all the compartments, for if the air
passages are clogged an oven will
not heat well. It is wiser for the
mistress to understand the practi-
cal working of her range unless she
has exceptionally good servants, for
many hindrances to well cooked
food will be prevented.

Formula For Face Cream.

White wax, three and one-half
ounces; spermaceti, three and one-
half ounces; almond oil, fourteen
ounces; water, six and one-half
ounces; borax, thirty grains; oil of
rose, five drops. Heat white wax,
spermaceti and almond oil not hot-
ter than you can touch a finger to.
Dissolve borax in water, pour into
oil, take from the stove with an
egg beater, beat until creamy, add
oil of rose and beat as long as pos-
sible.

Herring Fritters.

Skin and fillet two smoked her-
rings. Cut these into neat pieces,
put them in a deep dish, season with
pepper and lemon juice and moisten
with a little oil. Prepare a thick
frying batter, and after it has soak-
ed an hour drop in the pieces of
herring, fry them in deep fat to a
light brown, dish up on a folded
napkin, garnish with fried parsley
and serve.

Heliotrope Sachet.

Formula for heliotrope sachet:
Seven and one-half ounces of rose
petals, three and three-fourths
ounces of orris root, three and
three-fourths ounces of lavender
flowers, one ounce of tonka beans,
one-half ounce of benzoin, twenty
grains of musk, twelve drops of oil
of bitter almonds, two drops of oil
of sandalwood, forty drops of oil of
neroli.

Washing Fluid.

Half a pound of borax, four
pounds of sal soda, about two
pounds of unsalted lime. Take
twenty quarts of water in boiler,
put borax, sal soda and lime in, boil
about half an hour and let it settle.
Take top off for clothes and bottle.
Use the white part for scrubbing
floors and cleaning. Use one cup-
ful to a boiler of clothes.

Eggs For Invalids.

To boil eggs for invalids bring
the water to the boil, then take the
saucepan off the fire and place the
eggs in it for five minutes. This
will cook the eggs perfectly without
making the whites hard and indig-
estible. It is also well to boil an
egg intended for a young child in
this manner.

Treatment For Lumbago.

For lumbago one of the best
agents is friction, but it needs for
its application good sense and care.
Violent rubbing of short duration
is useless. The patient needs a sus-
tained gentle rubbing that will pro-
mote and keep up warmth without
making the skin tender.

For Cold Feet.

When your feet grow cold during
your hours at work, take the tiptoe
exercise, rising slowly on the toes,
holding the position a minute and
then slowly lowering the heels to the
floor.

Cleaning Bookbindings.

Books with delicate bindings
which have become soiled through
much handling can be satisfactorily
cleaned by rubbing with chamois
skin dipped in powdered pumice
stone.

Faded Upholstery.

Rub over with a cloth wrung out
of hot salt water and then with a
second cloth wrung out of ammo-
nia and water. This removes grease
and revives the colors.

Fair Play.

An attache of the American em-
bassy at London tells a story of a
butler in the employ of a fine old
English family whose long service
had inculcated in him a personal
and proprietary interest in the sons
and daughters of the house. Once,
on the occasion of a large dinner
party, the conscientious butler ob-
served that one of the members of
the family, a young girl who had
but recently entered society, was
devoting an amount of attention to
her agreeable neighbor on the right
obviously in excess of that accorded
to the less fascinating man on her
left. This fact perturbed the but-
ler to a degree that could no longer
be borne in silence. So under pre-
tense of passing the culprit a dish
the butler managed to whisper re-
spectfully in her ear:

"A little more conversation to the
left, miss."—Harper's Weekly.

Cheapest Place For Sulphur.

In a little out of the way street
in Boston is a small drug store, the
proprietor of which is a peppery
little old Irishman, and most of his
customers are fellow countrymen.
Not long ago one appeared and de-
sired to purchase 10 cents' worth
of sulphur. The druggist weighed
out the proper amount and was
about to wrap it up when the would
be purchaser interrupted.

"Sure, an' is that all I get for tin-
cints?"

"Faith, is it a barrel ye'll be ex-
pecting?" the druggist retorted.

"It is not, but I know a place
where I can get more than that for
foive cints," the other asserted.

"Ye do?" the little old fellow ex-
claimed, dashing the chemical back
into the box. "An' I know a place
where ye'll get a lot more than that
for nothin' at all!"

REAL ESTATE

If you have a farm, town lot,
dwelling or any other Real Estate
for sale, list it with us. We find
buyers and make the sale. All you
have to do is to list with us.

Note These Bargains.

Ninety acres of land on Rough
river, near Clear Run, 3 bottom
land. Good, new four room house
with large hall and veranda. New
barn and nice young orchard. Two
never-failing wells.

A 90 acre farm, half river bottom,
30 acres timber, 1 1/2 miles from Green
river, 1 1/2 miles from Paradise, 4
miles from Echols, 5 miles from
Rockport, 8 miles from McHenry.
Has good five room dwelling, barn
50x50, plenty of water, small orchard
price \$900.

Splendid two story dwelling, with
seven rooms, new, two wide halls,
on Union Street, Hartford, situated
on lot 1/2 acre. All out buildings and
good water. Price reasonable.

One Farm four miles west from
Hartford on the Hartford and Point
Pleasant public road known as the
Jared Tichenor or Oglesby farm con-
sisting of 93 acres good hill land;
good dwelling; fine young orchard,
best of water, good small barn, a
at a bargain

40 1/2 acres near White Run adjacent
to the I. C. R. R., half Caney Creek
bottoms, all cleared, good orchard,
two good wells, price reasonable, a
bargain for some one, further infor-
mation furnished on application.

100 acres 1 mile from the Court
House, on Hartford and Beaver
Dam pike, in high state of cultiva-
tion, 40 acres in meadow, good
dwelling, barn and outbuildings,
four wells, price reasonable, terms
easy, any further information fur-
nished on application.

200 acres of fine farming land at
Dan Station on Owensboro branch
I. C. R. R. 70 acres up land, bal-
bottom, will make 70 to 80 bushels
of corn per acre. About 60 acres in
timber. Three dwelling houses.
Good well water and early orchard.

Terms, one-half cash, balance on
easy payments.

New two story frame dwelling in
Hartford. Six rooms, two nice halls.
Lot 100 feet front 210 feet deep.
Good well. Situated corner Fredrica
and Griffin streets. Two thirds cash,
balance in 12 months. A bargain.

The 84 1/2-acre tract of land recent-
ly purchased by J. H. Hickman, of
Owensboro, from the trustee of H.
C. Powers, situated in the Concord
neighborhood, five miles east of
Hartford.

List your property with us. We
will find a buyer.

BARNETT & SMITH,
Republican Office. Hartford, Ky.



are caused by indigestion. If you eat a
little too much, or if you are subject to
attacks of indigestion, you have no doubt
had shortness of breath, rapid heart beats,
heartburn or palpitation of the heart.

Indigestion causes the stomach to
expand—swell, and puff up against the
heart. This crowds the heart and inter-
feres with its action, and in the course of
time the heart becomes diseased.

Kodol For Dyspepsia

digests what you eat, takes the strain off
of the heart, and contributes nourishment,
strength and health to every organ of the
body. For Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour
Stomach, Inflammation of the mucous
membranes lining the Stomach and Digestive
Tract, Nervous Dyspepsia and Catarrh
of the Stomach.

After eating, my food would distress me by making
my heart palpitate and I would become very weak.
Finally I got a bottle of Kodol and it gave me imme-
diate relief. After using a few bottles I am cured.
—MRS. LORING NICHOLS, Penn Yan, N. Y.

I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I
had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia
Cure for about four months and it cured me.
—D. KAUBLE, Nevada, O.

Digests What You Eat

Relieves indigestion,
sour stomach, belch-
ing of gas, etc.

Prepared at the Lab-
oratory of E. C. DeWitt
& Co., Chicago, U. S. A.

Sold by Z. WAYNE GRIFFIN.

Cumbeland TELEPHONE

AND
Telegraph Co.
(Incorporated.)

There's nothing the matter with
my business. I have the Cumber-
land Telephone in my residence and
place of business. My business has
increased, and my wife's voice is nev-
er heard to grumble about the Tele-
phone. Yours for good service and
gentlemanly competition.

T. J. MORGAN, Mgr.

DIRECTORY.

Ohio County.
Circuit Court—T. F. Birkhead, Judge; Ben. D.
Ringo, Attorney. Oscar Midkiff, Jailor; Ed. G.
Barrass, Clerk; Frank L. Felix, Master Com-
missioner; Y. L. Moseley, Trustee Jury Fund; R.
B. Martin, Sheriff, Hartford. Deputy Sheriff—S.
A. Bratcher, L. P. Crowder, E. H. Mazan, Grant
Pollard.
Court convenes first Monday
in March and August and continues three
weeks, and third Monday in May and November
two weeks.

County Court—W. B. Taylor, Judge; W. S.
Tinsley, Clerk; E. M. Woodward, Attorney, Hart-
ford.
Court convenes first Monday in each
month.

Quarterly Court—Begins on the third Monday
in January, April, July and October.
Court of Claims—Convenes first Monday in Jan-
uary, Tuesday after second Monday in October.
Other Officers—N. Moxley, Surveyor, Shreve,
S. W. Leach, Assessor, Rob. Roy, James DeWoe,
School Superintendent, Hartford. Jerome Allen
Coroner, Jilo, O.

Justices' Courts.

N. Barrass, Beaver Dam—March 24, June 23,
September 24, December 24.

W. P. Miller Horse Branch—March 26, June 25,
September 25, December 25.

W. S. Dean, Dundee—March 27, June 26, Sep-
tember 26, December 27.

W. R. Edge, Fordsville—March 28, June 2
September 27, December 28.

B. S. Chamberlain, Beda—March 24, June
September 28, December 29.

Herbert Bender, Centertown—March 30, June
29, September 29, December 30.

John H. Miles, Rockport—March 31, June 30,
September 30, December 31.

Hartford Police Court.

R. R. Wedding, Judge. J. S. Glenn, City At-
torney. Seth Mosley, Marshal. Court con-
venes second Monday in each month.

Religious Services.

M. E. Church, South—Services third Sunday
each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., and second
Sunday at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednes-
day evening. Rev. J. A. Lewis, Pastor.

Baptist Church—Services held Saturday night
before second Sunday; Sunday and Sunday night
and fourth Sunday and Sunday night. Prayer
meeting every Thursday evening. Rev. A. B.
Gosper, pastor.

C. P. Church—Services first Sunday in each
month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. D. Hen-
ned, pastor.

School Trustees, Hartford—C. M. Crowe, J. S.
Glenn, Dudley Ford, C. M. Barnett, Dr. E. B.
Pendleton.

City Council—J. H. Williams, Mayor, C. M.
Crowe, Clerk; R. E. L. Summerman, Dr. E. P.
Pendleton, A. D. White, Wm. Fair, Wm. Bean,
Dr. J. W. T. ylor.

Secret Societies.

A. O. U. W. meets first and third Friday
nights in each month.
Hartford Lodge, No. 675, F. & A. Masons, re-
Monday night in each month.
Hartford Tent, No. 99, Knights of the Ma-
sons, every Thursday night.
Rough River Lodge, No. 116, Knights of Pythias,
meets every Tuesday night.
Proctor, Morgan Post, No. 4, G. A. R., hold reg-
ular meetings Sunday before first Sunday in each
month.

PATENTS

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drawing or photo for expert search and free report.
Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks,
copyrights, etc., IN ALL COUNTRIES.
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money and often the patent.
Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively.
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WASHINGTON, D. C.

CA SNOW & CO.

TREES BY THE ROADSIDE.

The German province of Hanover has 1,976 miles of highways, on which there are 175,794 fruit trees—pear, cherry, plum and apple—sufficient, if set out eighty to an acre, to form an orchard of more than 300 square miles. The fruit raised on these trees is a source of income for the province, which sometimes makes \$40,000 a year by selling the products of this elongated orchard. The province maintains a nursery of 403 acres to supply young trees for roadside use and for promoting the interests of fruit culture. The profit on a tree is very small, but the Hanover people do not worry about that. Shade is afforded in summer, the roadside is free from dust, the presence of trees retards the washing out of the soil from the banks into the roadside ditches, and the attractive appearance of the roadsides stimulates an interest in tree culture and benefits the province in many other ways. They find it worth while.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

Had a Frog's Heart.

Once again, says the Dundee Advertiser, have the scientists proved the frog wrong. Until recently it was thought that a child could only live eight or ten years with what is known as "a frog's heart"—a heart with single ventricle to perform the double purpose of propelling the pure blood throughout the system and sending the impure blood to the lungs for purification. In the normal being these two operations are performed by separate ventricles. In the course of the post mortem examination of a man about thirty-five years old who had suffered from heart disease in one of the Manchester hospitals it was found that he had lived half the allotted span with a heart in all its details like that of a frog except that it was much larger. It is said that such a case is unique in the annals of medical science.

Potash From Granite.

It is reported that the department of agriculture, through some of its agents, has discovered that it is practicable to secure an inexhaustible supply of potash at a cost of only 1 cent a pound by simply reducing ordinary granite to a powder. Thousands of dollars are now expended for potash brought from foreign countries to be used in the manufacture of fertilizing material. The imported article costs about \$100 a ton, or 5 cents a pound, but with the Rocky mountains to draw on the country need not fear an inadequate supply of this material now that it has been shown that it can be produced from the foundation rock of this mountain system.—Denver Republican.

Journals For the Blind.

The announcement that the London Daily Mail is about to issue a weekly edition for the blind draws attention to the other British journals published in Braille type, which have had a long and useful career, though they have seldom been seen by the general public. The first weekly newspaper for the blind was published on June 1, 1892, and called the Weekly Summary. It has always been issued below cost price, and its promoters derive no benefit from its publication. Another was started only last year, called the Braille Weekly, and issued from Edinburgh.

Automobiles In France.

According to new regulations in France, no one will in future be granted an automobile license who is not able to prove, in addition to the possession of the necessary technical knowledge, exemption from any physical infirmity which would tend to involve unfitness for the control of an automobile. Persons whose eyesight is impaired, whose hearing is not acute, whose hand is rendered unsteady by drinking habits or who suffer from fits of nervousness will not be allowed to add to the list of accidents.

Decadence of Our Thoroughbred.

The thoroughbred, thanks to our incessant overracing and abuse of its representatives under the shallow pretense of "improving the breed of horses," has become a cripple, often at birth, nearly always at two years old, a nervous rattlepate, slight of physique and erratic of manners. As a progenitor of harness horses he is so prepotent that he controls both action and conformation. As a saddle horse or hunter he is too light, too unsound and too crack brained.—Country Life In America.

No Simple Spell For Them.

Five girls in a fashionable boarding school have formed a society to protest earnestly against the new spelling. They sign themselves Alyse, Mayne, Grayce, Kathryn and Carrye.—Smart Set.

ATOMIC WEIGHT OF SILVER.

One cannot be too often reminded of the fact that in science it is the little things, sometimes the littlest of things, that are frequently of the greatest importance. An instance is furnished by the recent redetermination, upon the invitation of the international committee on atomic weights, of the atomic weight of silver. The work was done by P. A. Guye and G. Ter-Gazian, who after many experiments have concluded that the atomic weight of silver should be expressed by the number 107.89 instead of 107.93, the number heretofore employed. This apparently insignificant change demands a corresponding alteration in the figures representing the atomic weights of many other substances, and by increasing the exactitude of chemical knowledge it may result in future discoveries of great importance.—Youth's Companion.

The Coopers' Curse.

Not a great many years ago Bayonne, N. J., was thronged with coopers. All oils were exported in barrels, and thousands of experts were employed in their manufacture. Then along came the "bulker," which is to the ocean what the tank car is to the railroad. It carried oil in bulk and soon put the coopers out of business; hence it became locally known as the "coopers' curse." An enormous saving was effected by the bulkers. At the Hook the barrel making business is practically a lost art. Nearly every gallon of oil that goes to European countries goes in bulk, and that which goes to South American republics and small states is shipped in five gallon tin cans.—New York Press.

A Plain That Was a Sea.

During a recent trip to Peru a member of the United States geological survey observed near Lomas a plain from ten to fifteen miles broad stretching between the mountains and the seashore and elevated 500 or 600 feet above tide water, which not very long ago, as time is reckoned by geologists, was a part of the sea bottom. This plain still retains interesting relics of the days when it was the home or haunt of ocean monsters. Scattered among its sands and pebbles, the inhabitants frequently find the teeth of sharks and occasionally turn up the jaw bones of whales. With the latter they construct crucifixes, whose white forms are conspicuously placed on headlands.

A Deluged Theater.

The Center theater, in Berlin, was the scene of an extraordinary sensation the other night. There was a crowded house, and the curtain was about to rise on Strauss' "Fledermaus," when all at once heavy jets of water began to deluge the stage like a torrent from the hose pipes. The scenery was washed down, the actors were driven in headlong flight through the wings, and a flood rushed through the orchestra into the pit. A wild stampede followed, and the house had to be closed for the night. It was then found that a new fireman had opened the stopcock of a large reservoir of water and had not the presence of mind to close it.

The Sleeping Sickness.

The famous bacteriologist, Professor Robert Koch, who last spring went to Africa to study the somnolence disease, has established that the plague, raging principally in British Uganda, on the northern shore of the Victoria Nyanza, carried away more than 200,000 people. Not only the natives, as first assumed, but also Europeans fall victims to the disease. The germ of the disease is transmitted by a stinging fly. Prevention of the disease is, according to Dr. Koch, only possible through extermination of the flies.

Our Cotton.

Only 44 per cent of the southern farms now derive their principal income from cotton. Still cotton production has steadily increased from 7,000,000 bales, worth \$300,000,000, twenty years ago, to 13,000,000 bales last year, worth \$628,000,000. The home grown cotton demand of the mills of the United States is now about 4,000,000 bales a year. The census of 1900 shows that in twenty years the improved acreage of twelve southern states increased from 78,082,484 acres to 107,573,679.

Good From an Evil.

In Australia, where the rabbit is a pest, there is an annual "round-up," at which millions of the animals are slaughtered. The rabbits are utilized for their fur and meat, much of which is exported. During the year over 20,000,000 rabbits were sent to other countries frozen in the fur or in the form of canned meat.

Only Paid Spanish Writers.

Spanish writers are not in enviable circumstances. The usual pay for novels in Spain is so low that it is hard to understand how writers can live on the money they receive, whereas in Paris there are ten novel writers who annually earn 100,000 francs and more. In Spain the pay for a long novel is \$12 and for novels of two volumes scarcely more than 250 francs. The Gil Blas cites a case where Carmen Burgos, a well known authoress in her country, received only 150 francs for the translation of a long French novel. A Madrid printer who publishes a series of volumes dealing with the writers of the nineteenth century pays 50 francs for a volume.

A Fee From the Ameer.

Two Englishwomen, a physician and her sister, were attending the women of the palace of the ameer of Afghanistan. One day when Miss Brown was sitting with the queen the ameer came in. He chanced to have got a bit of coal in his eye and was suffering considerably. Miss Brown offered to remove the irritant and did so deftly, her sister holding a lamp to enable her to see. His highness at once called for his purse and forthwith presented Miss Brown with 50 gold tillas (about \$175) and her sister with 30 tillas.

Grace by Weights.

It has been suggested, I see, that it would make for the greater dignity and grace of future generations of English women if from an early age female children were made to constantly carry weights on their heads, as they do in the east. There is nothing, so to say, to keep our women properly balanced. They lop, wriggle, shuffle, mismanage their arms and hips, poke forward their heads and generally walk as if they were either deformed or dropping to pieces.—London World.

Forests of Japan.

While the Chinese have been creating havoc among their forests for centuries, the Japanese have taken good care of theirs, and today more than a third of the area of Japan is still under forest. There are only twenty sawmills in the whole country. The Japanese forests include four zones—the tropical (bamboo and banana), the subtropical (camphor), the temperate (oak, maple, poplars, etc.) and the northern (pine).

Japan's Load of Debt.

Japan's national debt now amounts to \$1,011,472,367, of which \$72,000,000 is for public works and railways. The total debt is \$86,000,000 more than the interest bearing debt (\$925,000,000, including \$30,000,000 for the American Panama canal) of the United States. As the population of Japan is about one-half that of the United States, the debt burden of Japan's people is about twice as heavy.

Doings at Hartford College.

Examinations commenced Wednesday morning and all will be over this afternoon and the students won't be sorry.

Prof. Gray is making great preparations to receive the new students that will be here next week. Already there have been several at the college who intend to enroll at the beginning of the third quarter which commences next week.

All of the collegiate pupils are looking forward to the evening of January 25, when Prof. Gray will give a social to the pupils and patrons.

The Adelphean Society is still on the boom and new members are being added all the time. Judge R. R. Wedding gave the boys a most interesting talk last Friday evening. Hon. E. M. Woodward will address the Society this evening. The program below will show the boys are going to entertrun at the open session January 18. All are invited.

PROGRAM.

1. Instrumental Music—Messrs. Long and Fields.
2. Address of Welcome—President.
3. Recitation—V. B. Patterson.
4. Vocal Solo—Miss Hettie Riley.
5. Dialogue—Scott Ambrose and D. O. Brown.
6. Instrumental Music—Miss Mary Keown.
7. Debate, Resolved, that the World is Growing Worse—Affirmative, J. Ney Foster, J. A. Bennett, Negative, Chas. R. Bennett, Roy Heavrin.
8. Music—Messrs. Long and Fields.
9. Questions and Answers—Grosie Williams and Harry Bennett.
10. Music—Miss Pearl Thomas.
11. Biography—O. C. Martin.
12. Paper—Frank Foreman, Allison Barnett, Evans Calais, Isaac Christian and R. W. Tinsley.

Quarterly Report of the FORDSVILLE BANKING CO., At the Close of Business on the 31st day of December, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$93,283.39
Overdrafts, secured	3,691.48
Overdrafts, unsecured	5,357.91
Due from National Banks	9,251.06
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,000.00
Banking house and lot	700.00
Other real estate	2,096.59
Mortgages	10,277.67
Other Stock and Bonds	7,750.00
Specie	2,156.38
Currency	5,750.00
Other items carried as cash	514.25
Furniture and Fixtures	966.00
Current expense last quarter	775.91
Total	143,570.64

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	15,100.00
Surplus fund	1,960.14
Undivided profits	2,776.59
Due depositors as follows viz:	
Deposit subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	28,673.47
Deposit subject to check (on which interest is paid)	120,735.61
Time certificates of deposits (on which interest is paid)	2,062.89
Due State Banks and Bankers	89,993.25
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,500.00
	496.30
Total	143,570.64

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Highest amount of indebtedness of any stockholder, person, company or firm (including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof) directly or indirectly, if such indebtedness exceeds 20 per cent. of capital stock actually paid in, and actual amount of surplus of the bank 6,576.00

How is indebtedness stated in above item 1 secured? Good personal security.

Highest amount of indebtedness of any director or officer, if amount of such indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent. of paid-up capital stock of bank 6,576.00

(See Sec. 583, Ky Statutes)

How is same secured? Good personal security.

Does amount of indebtedness of any person, company or firm including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof, exceed 30 per cent. of paid-up capital and actual surplus . . . Yes

If so, state amount of such indebtedness 6,576.00

Amount of last dividend \$604.00

Were all expenses, losses, interest and taxes deducted therefrom before declaring dividend, and was not less than 10 per cent. of net profits of the bank for the period covered by the dividend carried to the surplus fund before said dividend was declared . . . Yes

(See Section 596, Ky, Statutes)

State of Kentucky,) ss.
County of Ohio,)

J. T. Smith, Jr., President of the Fordsville Banking Co., a bank located and doing business at Hartford street in the town of Fordsville in said county, being duly sworn, says the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank, at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec., 1906, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 31st day of Dec., 1906, as the day on which such report shall be made.

J. T. SMITH, Jr., President,
J. T. SMITH, Jr.,
C. E. FORD,
MORRIS WILLSON, } Directors
Subscribed and sworn to before me by J. T. Smith, Jr., President, the 31st day of Dec., 1906.
W. S. Tinsley Clerk Ohio County Court, Andrew Henderson, D. C.

ROCKPORT.

Jan. 8.—Schroter's Studio passed up Monday enroute to Rochester. Will Monroe, New York, arrived Tuesday to visit his mother. Hugh Hendrie, Bevier, spent Saturday and Sunday with his uncle, John Hendrie. Joe Young, Central City, is making

The Year 1906 Is Passed.

It has been a successful year for us; in fact it has been the biggest in the history of our business. We are grateful to our many patrons for the business given us through the year 1906, but we are not yet satisfied. We want to do more business during the year 1907 than we did in the year just past. In order to do this, we must make an extra effort. We are going to do this by reducing prices. Now is the time to buy Clothing and Cloaks.

- Children's Suits, regular price, \$1.00, sale price, 79c.
- Children's Suits, regular price, \$1.50, sale price, \$1.19.
- Children's Suits, regular price, \$3.00, sale price \$2.29.
- Youths' Suits, regular price, \$4 sale price \$3.19.
- Youths' Suits, regular price, \$5, sale price \$3.69.
- Youths' Suits, regular price \$7, sale price \$4.98.
- Men's Suits, regular price \$3, sale price \$1.75.
- Men's Suits, regular price, \$5, sale price \$3.69.
- Men's Suits, regular price, \$10, sale price \$8.49.
- Men's Suits, regular price, \$15, sale price, \$9.79.

All Overcoats and Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, one-fourth off. Don't delay but come early and get pick and choice. Again thanking the public for their patronage and asking a continuance of your valued orders, believe us to be Your friends.

CARSON & CO. (INCORPORATED.)

ing suspicious visits here every Sunday.

William Russel went to Beaver Dam Sunday to enter West Kentucky Seminary.

M. V. Campfield, one of the oldest citizens of the town died December 31st.

George Jones, Hopkinsville, is in town.

Mrs. J. R. Layton and son, Chas. Layton, returned to their home in Nashville, Tenn., Monday, after a pleasant visit to relatives in this town.

Miss Lillie Hendrie spent a few days in Bevier last week with relatives.

Mrs. David Duncan is ill of pneumonia.

Rev. B. F. Jenkins is to begin a series of meetings here, at the Baptist church on Monday January 21.

Herman Maddox, who has been assistant cashier of the Rockport Deposit Bank for the past year, left Sunday for Cherry Valley, Ark., where he is to be cashier of a new bank organized there.

Prof. M. D. Maddox, of the West Kentucky Seminary, was seen on our streets during the holidays.

Miss Lillie Tinsley is visiting relatives in Central City.

THE SINGER

OR

Wheeler & Wilson

If in need of a Singer or Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine I will bring one to your house and show you the work and make prices to suit the times on easy payments. Also have repairs for all makes of machines. Office at my residence on Center street. Your patronage solicited. J. C. BENNETT, Hartford, Ky.

Hartford College

THE OLD AND RELIABLE.

Hartford College is now on a boom. Every room in the building is occupied by a regular teacher. The Business Department will be moved to quarters down in town to provide for another regular teacher in the Collegiate Department, which will employ three teachers full time for THIRD and FOURTH TERMS, beginning JANUARY 14, 1907. Training of TEACHERS IS MADE A SPECIALTY, THOROUGH INSTRUCTION AND RAPID REVIEWS IN ALL COMMON SCHOOL STUDIES WILL BE GIVEN BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS.

The Board of Education has made liberal appropriation for Maps, Globes, Charts, Chemical and other apparatus, all of which will be installed by the opening of the Third Term, January 14, 1907.

Over forty non-resident students are now in attendance and it is confidently expected that this number will be increased to one hundred after Christmas. Patrons and friends are earnestly requested to help obtain this number and thus again renew the palmy days of Hartford College.

Barred Plymouth Rocks.

A few fine birds, pullets and cockerels, at reasonable prices. MRS. C. E. SMITH, Hartford, Ky.